

EXCURSION STEAMER SINKS---HUNDRED ARE DROWNED

JOHN P. MITCHELL KILLED IN 500 FT. FALL AT FLYING FIELD

Former Mayor of New York Flying in Fast Scout Plane

(By United Press)
Lake Charles, La., July 6.—Major John Purroy Mitchell, former mayor of New York, was killed in an airplane fall at Gerstner field this morning. He was flying in a scout plane and fell five hundred feet.

REVOLT IS BREWING

German Influences Are at Work In South Africa.

Pretoria, July 6.—The growing unrest which is evidencing itself through out the Union of South Africa is blamed by Premier Botha to German agencies.

The premier declares that there is no sign of a movement, having for its object the subversion of the constitution by violent methods.

In his statement, which declares that he has been forced to take stringent measures, both civil and military, to avert incipient outbreaks, Premier Botha says:

"There is good reason for suspecting that enemy agencies are at work in this country and that they are intriguing to stir up strife, not only among the natives, but also among the natives, for no methods are deemed too despicable so long as they can attain their object."

There have been few serious troubles in South Africa since the outbreak of the war, although early in the conflict a rebellion broke out in which the establishment of a republic was planned. Premier Botha, who although he fought against the British in the Boer war, has been one of the strongest supporters of the empire in the present conflict, personally took the field against the rebels and crushed the rebellion in 1914.

AUSTRALIANS REPEL FOE

Drive in German Outposts and Take More Prisoners.

War Correspondents' Headquarters in France, July 6.—After the Australian attack south of the Somme, the enemy, whose guns had been almost silenced during the battle by the intense counter battery work, shelled some of the new Allied positions rather heavily and made three counter attacks. These seem to have been directed on the wings and center of the Australian line, but were feeble and unsuccessful.

Groups of German machine gunners and infantry established themselves within 50 yards of the Australians, who were annoyed by this close approach, and decided not to tolerate it. So a number of them went out, drove in the German outposts, and brought back another batch of prisoners to the number of something over 50.

Youth Is Government Contractor.

London, July 6.—A boy of 17, who is a government contractor with 11 men and eight women on his payroll, is one of the unusual figures of the war. The young magnate is Robert Scott, and two years ago he was earning \$7.50 a week in a machine shop. Later he and another boy formed a partnership to manufacture nuts and screws. The partner joined the army last year. Scott then invested all his savings in machinery and opened a shop for manufacture of airplane parts and obtained government work.

Casualty List

(By United Press)
Washington, July 6.—General Pershing reported 43 casualties. The marines 114.

MOHAMMED V.
Sultan of Turkey, who died after ruling nine years.



Mohammed V, sultan of Turkey, is dead at Constantinople, says a dispatch from that city received at Amsterdam by way of Vienna. Mohammed V, 35th sovereign of Turkey in direct descent of the House of Osman, founder of the empire, came to the throne by a coup d'etat on April 27, 1909, after having been held for 33 years a prisoner by his brother, Sultan Abdul II, in the royal palace and gardens at Constantinople. His hand in the government was never strong. Illness, a naturally easy disposition and weak will power have kept him continually at the mercy of Turkish officers and the liberal party.

American Regiment at Vaux Announced

(By United Press)
Washington, July 6.—The ninth and twenty-third infantry, and the twelfth, fifteenth and seventeenth field artillery were the units responsible for the American success at Vaux. Chief of Staff March stated in his weekly war summary.

WAR COUNCIL MEETS

Military Situation Is Considered At Paris Session.

Congratulations Are Given Italian Army and People for Defeat of Austrians.

Paris, July 6.—All the aspects of the present military situation were considered and important decisions reached at the seventh session of the Supreme Allied war council here, according to an official statement issued at its close.

Among those present were Premiers Clemenceau, Lloyd George and Ortay of state formwypenlwuyyp lando, Stephen Pichon, French foreign minister; A. J. Balfour, British secretary of state for foreign affairs; Viscount Milner, British war minister; Baron Sonnino, Italian foreign minister; Generalissimo Foch, Field Marshal Haig and Maj. Gen. Sir Henry Wilson of the British army; Gen. J. J. Pershing of the American army, and General Guillaing of the Belgian army, as well as representatives of other Allies at Versailles.

Congratulations to the Italian army and people for the memorable victory over the Austro-Hungarian army were expressed at the meeting. It was said it is considered that the victory won by the Italians at the critical turning point of the war brings a valuable contribution to the Allies' efforts and points to the final success of their cause.

DIVER ATTACKS AMERICAN SHIPS

Torpedoes Transport Covington On Its Way to the United States.

OTHER VESSELS SAFE

Navy Department Announces That Steamer Sank While Being Towed to Port and That Six Members of Crew Are Missing.

Washington, July 6.—While homeward bound with a fleet of troopships convoyed by American destroyers, the United States transport Covington was torpedoed in the war zone last Monday night and sank the next day while an effort was being made to tow her to port. Six members of the crew are missing.

Others of the crew, including the officers, were landed at a French port. No soldiers or passengers were aboard.

In announcing the sinking of the Covington, formerly the Hamburg-American liner Cincinnati, the Navy department said the submarine, was not sighted. The torpedo hit the ship's side just forward of the engine room at 9:17 o'clock at night.

No Attack On Other Ships.
Although Vice Admiral Sims' message did not go into detail, officials here believe the submarine was on the surface recharging its batteries when the convoy came along and that it submerged immediately after discharging the torpedo without attempting further attack on the fleet.

The theory that the submarine made off in haste would seem to be borne out by the fact that the transport's crew was transferred to one of the destroyers without apparent incident. Some surprise was occasioned by the fact that the submarine did not return after the fleet had proceeded and undertake to finish the sinking of the Covington.

First Sinking in Convoy.
The Covington was the first American transport to be sunk while in convoy, the former Hamburg-American liner, President Lincoln and the former Morgan liner Antilles, the only other American transports sunk in the war zone, having been destroyed while returning home without the protection of war craft.

Few details were given in the Navy department's announcement and there was no explanation of Admiral Sims' report that none of those from the Covington, who were landed at a French port, "was seriously injured." Apparently some of them were hurt, probably in being transferred to the destroyers in a choppy sea, but evidently Admiral Sims did not give the number.

Immediate Intervention in Russia Urged by Allied War Council

(By United Press)
Washington, July 6.—Immediate intervention in Russia both military and economic is urgently recommended by the interallied war council and General Foch. The council's report is in President Wilson's hand since July 3. The allied diplomats believe he will concur in it. Should he refuse it is believed Great Britain, France, Japan and Italy will go it alone, on account of the war council's recommendation.

British, French, Japanese and American marines were landed at Vladivostok it is learned this morning. They ostensibly went ashore following a battle between the Bolsheviks and Czechoslovak Sunday to protect the allied consulate. With them are 2,500 Dalmatians, formerly war prisoners in Russia, now under the Italian flag awaiting orders from Foch.

The House Votes For \$2.40 Wheat

(By United Press)
Washington, July 6.—The house unexpectedly sustained the amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill fixing wheat price at \$2.40. The vote was 150 to 106. This is a compromise with the senate insisting upon \$2.50.

Czechs Capture Vladivostok

(By United Press)
Tokio, July 6.—The Czechoslovak force which captured Vladivostok has established there a commissariat for Siberia. 15,000 Czechs participated. There was slight resistance. The Czech lost three killed and the soviet 51.

Musicians Considered in Effective Industries

(By United Press)
Washington, July 6.—Under a ruling in the work or fight order by Colonel Warren, heard in the appeal section of the provost marshal general's office, all musicians connected with the production or presentation of performances considered in effective industries. The original ruling is unchanged regarding base ballists.

ALLIED TROOPS HARASSING FOE

Continue to Gain Ground and Bring In Large Batches of German Prisoners.

YANKEES HELP BRITONS

Heavy Counterblow By Enemy Is Repulsed, When 1,300 Captives Were Taken, Making 10,000 For Past Week.

London, July 6.—The Allies in the west continue to gain ground here and there and bring in large batches of German prisoners and harassing of the enemy lines shows no signs of letting up.

The game of striking the enemy a solid blow on a small sector now has been taken up on the British front and an advance of a mile on a width of four miles with the capture of 1,300 prisoners south of the Somme testifies to the hitting powers of the Australians and Americans, who have appeared on this part of the line for the first time, were in vain.

The British had so well established themselves in their new positions that when the Germans made a counterattack it was easily repulsed in addition to the prisoners taken, a German field gun and more than 100 machine guns were captured.

Only One Artillery Replies.
Between the Oise and the Aisne where the latest French blow gained considerable ground and more than 1,000 prisoners, the Germans have not attempted counterattacks. Here also, the enemy artillery has been the only means of retaliation for the ground and prisoners lost. The Germans have given up their counterattacks and heavy gunfire against the new American position west of Chateau Thierry but are bombarding the village of St. Pierre Aigle, south of the Aisne, gained by the French Tuesday.

In the thrust south of the Somme, the Allies recaptured the village of Hamel and the Hamel and Valre woods south of the village. The woods are on high ground. The French gain at Autrechies also takes elevations from the Germans. Along the Aisne Australian troops progressed 500 yards on a front of 1,200 yards.

Useful Positions Taken.
Through the successful and successive thrusts in the last 10 days or more the Allies on the western front have taken from the Germans positions which would have been very useful in future operations.

Whether the policy of nibbling is holding back a renewal of heavy enemy attacks is not known, but there can be no doubt that by pushing the Germans out of locally important positions here and there between Ypres

ILLINOIS RIVER BOAT IN DISASTER

Struck Bar---Hole Torn in Bottom--- Listed as Frightened Merrymakers Fled to One Side

Boat Overturned and Sank---Many Between Decks and on Lower Decks are Believed Lost.

BRIG. GEN. G. P. SCRIVEN
American general who has high praise for Italian troops.



By Cincinnati.

"The Italians are magnificent soldiers and there is no bluster or nonsense when it comes to fighting," said Brig. Gen. George P. Scriven, U. S. A., who since last October has been attached to the Italian armies on the Piave and in Albania and Macedonia, on his arrival in this country.

and Rheims, General Ferdinand Foch is giving the German command something to consider seriously as to the effect on German morale. The number of prisoners taken in the last week is nearly 6,000.

Successful on Italian Front.
On the Italian front, General Diaz has been equally successful with his local attacks and his capture of prisoners since last Saturday is now well over 4,800.

The Italians continue their operations near the mouth of the Piave and rapidly are driving the Austrians back to the line of the old river bed.

SEN'S MESSAGE TO SULTAN

Emperor Charles of Austria Greets New Turkish Ruler.

Amsterdam, July 6.—In a message to the new Sultan of Turkey Emperor Charles of Austria is quoted in a Vienna dispatch as saying:

"The unconquerable bravery of our armies, the steadfastness of our courageous people has strengthened our alliance with Germany and Bulgaria in the face of all our enemies, who quite openly wish to destroy or disintegrate our states."

"The wise political ideas which characterized the reign now closed were also its glory. They indicate a path leading to final victory and greatness for the Ottoman empire. I extend the warmest wishes for the prosperity of your reign and for a brilliant future for your people."

Grip on Steel Relaxed.

Washington, July 6.—Slight relaxation in the strict government control over steel distribution was made by the war industries board. Hereafter orders for steel not in excess of five tons to be used in essential civilian work may be filled without written consent from the director of steel supply at Washington. Blanket authority is still held over all other steel orders, however, and individual written approval of each order is necessary before manufacturers of steel may make shipments.

Frightful River Accident in Illinois

(By United Press)

Peoria, Ill., July 6.—Nearly 100 persons are unaccounted for following the sinking of the Illinois River excursion steamer Columbia between Peoria and Pekin shortly after midnight. Twenty bodies were recovered by daylight. One hundred and sixty-three passengers and thirty of the crew were aboard the vessel.

The Columbia, a three deck excursion steamer, was returning from Elfrisco, a summer resort. The excursionists were dancing on the lower decks. The boat hit a sand bank and immediately began listing. It probably struck a submerged log, tearing a hole in the bottom. The panic stricken excursionists crowded to one side and the crew attempted to keep the load even, but were unable to and the boat overturned and sank. Many between decks and on the lower deck are believed to be lost.

Chicago, July 6.—Harry Halderson, professional diver, who recovered bodies in an excursion disaster here, has started for the scene of the Columbia wreck. He believes many bodies that have been caught in the lower decks and between decks may be recovered.

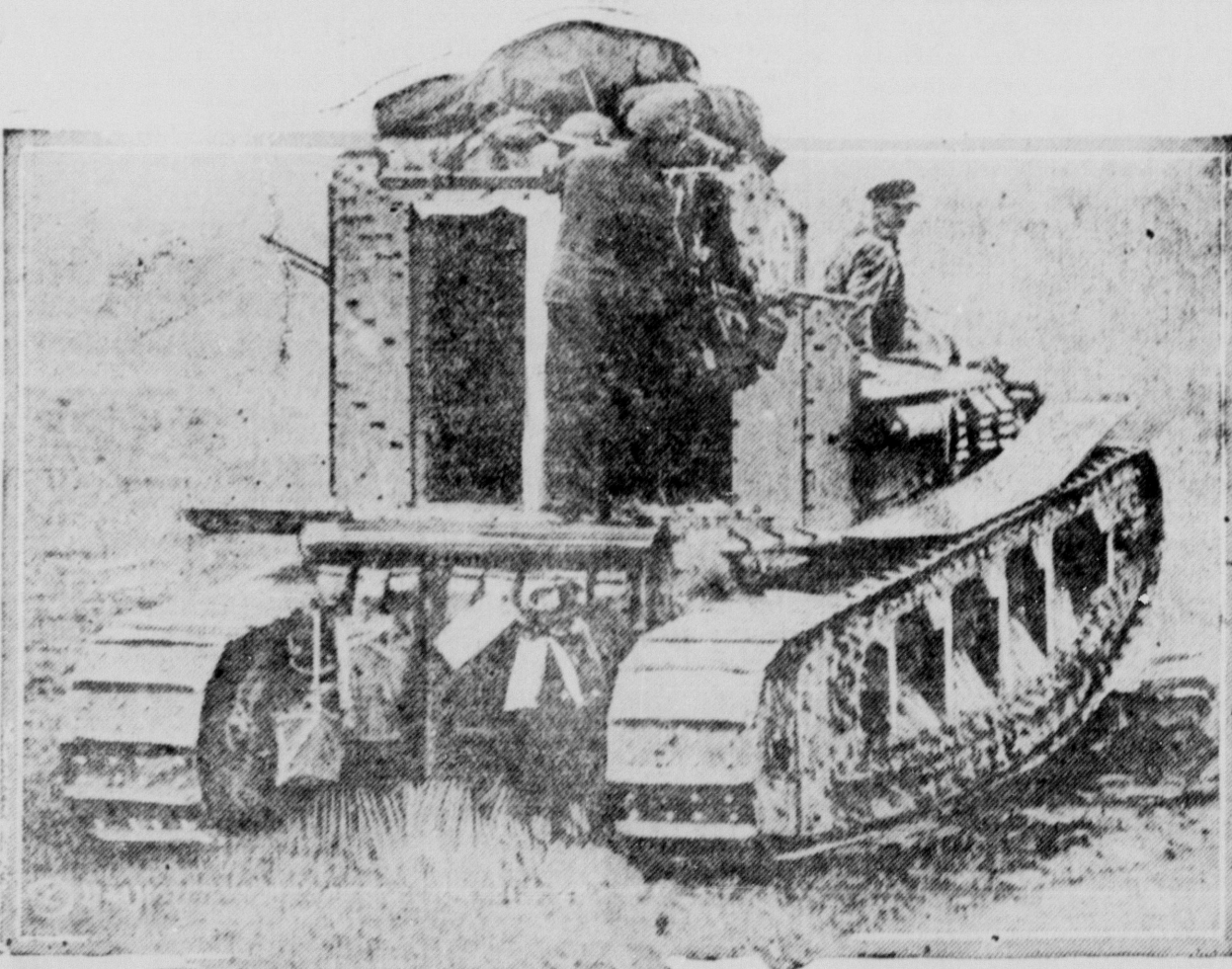
Peoria, Ill., July 6.—Professional divers are searching the submerged decks and saloon of the excursion steamer Columbia seeking bodies of those lost when the steamer sunk with 396 aboard. Thirty-three bodies have been recovered. It seems certain that many more lie between the decks of the vessel, as over 100 persons are unaccounted for. Judge Jesse Black, of Pekin, Ill. Red Cross, estimates the death toll as between 50 and 75. Scores of small boats are circling the wreck seeking victims and frenzied crowds are thronging the undertaking establishments, and frantic people are struggling to view the corpses. Soldiers have been sent to preserve order.

Second Mate Harry Davidson, says the boat sank within five minutes after the water was discovered in the hull. He says they were traveling slowly. "I felt a slight shock but paid little attention as it was hardly recognizable. Then I received the signal to stop, then to back, then to go ahead slowly. A watchman asked for a light in the hull. We discovered the hull was half filled with water and were then backing away. Then the boat listed. I climbed over the railing and jumped."

Americans Repulse German Raid

(By United Press)
Paris July 6.—Official—American troops on the Toul front and in the Vosges region have repulsed German raids. The French have penetrated the German line.

New Small Tank Used by British Against the Germans



This new and small tank is a recent invention of the British and has been used successfully on their front against the Germans. This particular tank was captured by the Germans and held for some time, till its crew had an opportunity to board it again, start up its motor and escape. The tanks are light and mobile.

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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted Correctly
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All Work Guaranteed

2331f

Plan Your Garden

Also Flower Beds, and Landscaping.
Our large illustrated book will help.
Write Duluth Floral Company and
buy reputation seeds they grow.
Respectfully yours,
Duluth Floral Company

BRAINERD OIL CO.

Of St. Cloud
GASOLINE AND KEROSENE
AT WHOLESALE
Call 302-L, 913 S. 7th St.
WM. BOURQUIN & SON

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Wholesale and retail buyers of
Irons, Metals, Rubber, Rags, Maga-
zines, Bags, Hides and Furs, highest
market prices paid. A square deal as-
sured all who trade with me. Call
or telephone 941.

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H. PERLMAN, Prop.

BROCKMAN FUR FACTORY

Furs Stored and Insured Against
Fire, Burglars and Moths.

712 Front Street Brainerd, Minn

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR URICACID, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

The Boy
Who Says
"I Will"

—and then
comes often to
this bank and
DOES IT has
the stuff in him
which makes
success.

BOYS, say right
now: "I WILL
have a savings
account" and
then come to
this bank and
open one.



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FIRST NATIONAL BANK
BRAINERD, MINN.
SAVINGS INTEREST FOR THE PAST SIX MONTHS
IS NOW READY FOR ENTRY IN YOUR PASS BOOK

THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:

Cool, light showers probable.
Co-operative observer's record, 7
P. M.—
July 5, maximum 74, minimum 53.
Reading in evening, 70. Southwest
wind. Clear.
July 6, minimum during night, 51.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

News of Parties, Visitors, Vis-
its, Deaths, Accidents, Etc.,
gratefully received by the Dis-
patch. Telephone North-
west 74.

Clark's for your wall paper. 2511f

A. A. Weidemann went to St. Paul
this afternoon.

J. J. Schoenecker went to St. Paul
this afternoon.

J. C. Galarneau of Aitkin was in
the city today.

For Spring Water phone 254. 1f

Miss Myrtle Bredenberg went to
Rush City this afternoon.

Mrs. A. F. Sorenson left for Cro-
zier, Ontario, to visit her brother, O.
H. Olson.

Crystal Spring water, \$1.00 month.
L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m

Miss Laura Herrman has gone to
Minneapolis on an extended visit
with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. McCarthy and
Miss Mary McCarthy of Duluth motored
to Brainerd.

Miss Effie Johnson, guest of Mr.
and Mrs. A. Anderson, went to Roy-
alton this afternoon.

Let Olson hand wash your rugs.
Phone 39. 101f

Mrs. H. A. Turcotte and daughter
Miss Dora Turcotte went to Minne-
apolis this afternoon.

Mrs. Frank Branchaud and daugh-
ter, Miss Elsie Branchaud, went to
Minneapolis this morning.

D. M. Clark & Co. sharpen and re-
pair lawn mowers. 2901f

The Misses Ethel Fredstrom, Ruth
Soderlund and Ellen Dahl went to
Minneapolis this afternoon.

The Misses Hildegard Erickson,
Jenny Lind and Vesta Hieckethier
went to Duluth this afternoon.

C. Emerson, traveling engineer of
the Northern Pacific, was in the city
from Duluth on company work.

Buy your cement blocks of Ritari.
Let us bid on your job. 276-1m

Travel was so heavy on the Min-
nesota & International railway this
afternoon that an extra coach was
added at Brainerd.

Advertising Car No. 1 of the Hag-
enbeck-Wallace show is in the city
today billing Brainerd and vicinity for

BEST THEATRE

TODAY

George Walsh in

"Brave and Bold"

See Ad

the big circus which will be here
Saturday, July 20.

For bargains in houses and lots,
see J. R. Smith, Sleeper Block. 2261f
Mrs. Barney McGivern, who has
been visiting her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. Kiewel of Little Falls during
the week, was joined by Mr. McGiv-
ern this afternoon.

Mrs. W. V. French is at Billings,
Mont., where she is visiting her son-
in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs.
Neil Brooks. Mr. French went to
Hubert today to hoe his war garden.

A business training school that is
one of the very best in the United
States is the reputation of the Little
Falls Business College. This ac-
counts for the success of its stu-
dents. This is why Myrtle Becker
of Alexandria secured eighty dollars
a month in her first position. Send
for catalog. 11-dw

Mr. and Mrs. William Jackson of
Kansas City, Mo., motored to Brain-
erd today and left in the afternoon
for Inwood near Pequot, conducted by
Mrs. Archer. They traveled over the
Jefferson highway, all roads being ex-
ceptionally good with the exception
of twelve miles in Iowa made heavy
with mud because of rains. Crops
are looking fine along the whole
route. Mr. Jackson is a prominent
grain man who has been coming to
this lake region the past twelve
years. They virtually started
"Rocky Point."

In the Majority.

For one man who sincerely pitied
our misfortunes, there are thousands
who sincerely hate our success.—Col-
ton.

Pres. Wilson's
4th of July Ad-
dress Given

"You are met, my fellow citizens,
to commemorate the signing of that
Declaration of Independence which
marked the awakening of a new spir-
it in the lives of nations. Since the
birth of our republic, we have seen
this spirit grow. We have heard the
demand and watched the struggle for
self-government spread and triumph
among many peoples. We have come
to regard the right to political liberty
as the common right of humankind.
Year after year, within the security
of our borders, we have continued
to rejoice in the peaceful increase of
freedom and democracy throughout
the world. And yet now, suddenly,
we are confronted with a menace
which endangers everything that we
have won and everything that the
world has won.

In all its old insolence, with all its
ancient cruelty and injustice, mili-
tary autocracy has again armed itself
against the pacific hopes of men.
Having suppressed self-government
among its own people by an organi-
zation maintained in part by false-
hood and treachery, it has set out to
impose its will upon its neighbors
and upon us. One by one, it has
compelled every civilized nation in
the world either to forego its aspira-
tions or to declare war in their de-
fense. We find ourselves fighting
again for our national existence. We
are face to face with the necessity
of asserting anew the fundamental
right of free men to make their own
laws and choose their own allegiance,
or else permit humanity to become
the victim of a ruthless ambition
that is determined to destroy what it
can not master.

Against its threat the liberty-lov-
ing people of the world have risen
and allied themselves. No fear has
deterred them, and no bribe of ma-
terial well-being has held them
back. They have made sacrifices such
as the world has never known before,
and their resistance in the face of
death and suffering has proved that
the aim which animates the German
effort can never hope to rule the
spirit of mankind. Against the hor-
ror of military conquest, against the
emptiness of living in mere bodily
contentment, against the desolation
of becoming part of a state that
knows neither truth nor honor, the
world has so revolted that even peo-
ple long dominated and suppressed by
force have now begun to stir and
arm themselves.

Centuries of subjugation have not
destroyed the racial aspirations of
the many distinct peoples of eastern
Europe, nor have they accepted the
sordid ideals of their political and
military masters. They have sur-
vived the slow persecutions of peace
as well as the agonies of war, and
now demand recognition for their
just claims to autonomy and self-
government. Representatives of
these races are with you today, voic-
ing their loyalty to our ideals and
offering their services in the com-
mon cause. I ask you, fellow citi-
zens, to unite with them in making
this our Independence Day the first
that shall be consecrated to a decla-
ration of independence for all the
peoples of the world.

WOODROW WILSON.

OH! SPLASH!

Come on in - The Water's Fine

"Murphys" are showing the pretty
Bathing Suits - Shoes - Caps -
Tights and Water Wings

Murphy's
THE STORE OF QUALITY

FIGHTING UNDER
TWO FLAGS

BY J. W. PEGLER.
(Staff Correspondent, United Press)

Editor's Note—This is the first
installment of a remarkable, true
story of one of the most picture-
que units that entered the great
war—the American Legion of the
Canadian army, known to many
Americans as "The Lost Legion." It
is the first authoritative pub-
lished account of the heroic actions
of members of this dispersed and
exhausted band of American
heroes, and is written by J. W.
Pegler, who "found" the Legion
in England in 1916. Pegler,
United Press staff correspondent,
knew practically every officer in
the battalion, and many of the
men in its ranks. His story is a
real contribution to the history of
the great war that probably could
not be written by any other man.
The next installment will appear
Monday.

The Maj. Rasmussen of this story
was awarded the Distinguished
Service cross by Gen. Pershing a
few days ago, since Mr. Pegler's
story was received in this country.
The cross will be sent to relatives
of the dead hero, in Sherwood, Ore.

London, June 1 (By Mail)—Grif-
fiths and Rass are "out of it" for
good—resting in a Picardy cemetery
with wildflowers blooming and war
still surging all around them.

Lieut. Col. Richard H. Griffiths and
Major Alexander Rasmussen had
been "out of it" before—the colonel
four times, with eleven wounds, and
Rass just once, when he picked up
a fusing hand grenade in the dark
and threw it back at the Boches. As
soon as the hospitals made them fit
they went back for more.

They were professional soldiers.
Fighting was their life-job. Crusad-
ers they were and always on the
side of Conscience and the Little Fel-
low.

Both fought under two flags, the
Stars and Stripes twice, and the
Union Jack of Griffith's native Eng-
land.
Shortly after we came into the war
Griffith got his transfer and hopped
the first train—for he had proceeded
back to France in the meantime—to
report to Gen. Pershing. He was
taken immediately and given com-
mand of a battalion of the 18th in-
fantry—the "Happy Heinle" regim-
ent. Thus he stepped down from his
British rank of lieutenant-colonel
to that of major, but he soon re-
gained his old grade, for he wore
the silver leaves of a lieutenant-col-
onel when a shell stopped him at
last in Picardy.

Rasmussen was a big, handsome
man; fearless and a sporting dare-
devil in war and pitiless to four-
flushers anywhere, any time. His
American home was Portland, Ore.,
but he was Scandinavian by birth
and his pronunciation of some words
was just sibilant enough to prove it.

In the spring of 1916 he came up
from Mexico where he was fighting
in Obregon's army, to join the Cana-
dian American legion, then forming.
He had been a major in Obregon's
crazy force, but Rass was just the
right-sized man to enlist as a "buck"
in the American legion and win his
commission.

The legion had troubles galore.
There were bums and deserters and
just plain thieves who enlisted to
draw the pay through the cold weath-
er and "go over the hill" when it
looked as though the 97th battalion
was about to sail. One day Rass
was a private, and a week later he
wore a major's crown. He found
himself outranking his former com-
manding officer.

But at last they sailed, about 900

strong—90 per cent of them Ameri-
cans and most of them hardened vet-
eran soldiers of the United States
army, navy and marines. One of the
yellow-bellies who had deserted was
an officer. He went to New York
and there met a newspaper man to
whom he described the legion as the
"Lost Legion" of tramps. The story
was published and copied by other
papers and it took the blood and
suffering of hundreds of lonely, ex-
patriated Yanks to live down the
slander.

BACKACHE IS A WARNING

Brainerd People Should Not Neglect
Their Kidneys

Backache is often nature's most fre-
quent signal of weakened kidneys.
To relieve the pains and aches, to re-
move the lameness when it arises
from weakened kidneys, you must
reach the cause—the kidneys. If
you have pain through the small of
your back, urinary disorders, head-
aches, dizzy spells, or are nervous
and depressed, start treating the kid-
neys with a tested kidney remedy.

Doan's Kidney Pills have been
proved good and are especially for
weak kidneys. Doan's have been
used in kidney trouble for over 50
years. Here is convincing proof of
merit. It comes from this locality.
T. C. Hallstead, farmer, Star
Route, Garrison, Minn., says: "I
took Doan's Kidney Pills for lame-
ness in my back and I am pleased
to say they did me a world of good
and cured me of my trouble."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't
simply ask for a kidney remedy—
get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same
that Mr. Hallstead had. Foster-Mil-
burn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

BOATS FOR RENT

Outing parties wishing good boat
accommodations can secure same at
Buff McNaughton's place on Gull
lake. He also has good minnows.
2415

The Real Question.

Everywhere in life the true question
is, not what we gain but what we do.—
Carlyle.

CITIZENS STATE BANK
Brainerd, Minnesota

Statement of the condition of the Citizens State
Bank of Brainerd, at close of business on June
29, 1918.

| RESOURCES | | |
|------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Loans and Discounts | \$269 | \$16.76 |
| Overdrafts | 1 | 257.09 |
| U. S. Bonds | 19 | 430.00 |
| Other Bonds and Securities | 13 | 546.28 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 2 | 200.00 |
| Other Real Estate | 12 | 138.23 |
| Checks and Drafts in Transit | 5 | 00.00 |
| Due from Banks | 42 | 136.23 |
| Cash on Hand (items below) | 5 | 088.71 |
| Cur. | 3 | 957.00 |
| Gold | 137 | 50 |
| Silver | 394 | 24 |
| Total Cash Assets | 47 | 235.07 |
| Checks and Cash Items | 10 | 855.92 |
| Total | 576 | 097.11 |

| LIABILITIES | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----------|
| Capital Stock | \$ | 25,000.00 |
| Surplus | | 5,000.00 |
| Undivided Profits, Net | | 4,224.43 |
| Deposits subject to check | 145 | 268.69 |
| Certified Checks | 367 | 53 |
| Cashier's checks | 2 | 806.71 |
| Due to banks | 202 | 35 |
| Total immediate liabilities | 148 | 381.16 |
| Savings deposits | 32 | 235.82 |
| Time certificates | 109 | 275.70 |
| Total Deposits | 341 | 782.68 |
| Total | 576 | 097.11 |

Amount of Reserve required by law, \$ 47,235.07
Amount of Reserve on hand, \$ 47,235.07
State of Minnesota, County of Crow
Wing, ss.

We A. G. Trommald, President and F. H. Simp-
son, Vice President, of the above named bank, do
solemnly swear that the above statement is true
to the best of our knowledge and belief.

A. G. TROMMALD, President
F. H. SIMPSON, Vice President

Correct Attest: J. W. KOOP
Two Directors: A. G. TROMMALD,
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 6th day of July 1918.

M. E. RYAN,
Notary Public, Crow Wing
County, Minnesota
(Seal)
My Commission Expires Oct. 2nd 1918.

WE REPAIR

and

SHARPEN

LAWN MOWERS

Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.

The Store of Dependable Hardware

N. W. 104 T. S. 332

Do Something
Better Than the
Other Fellow---

and ADVERTISE

Advertising cannot accomplish the impossible
any more than barren ground can yield rich crop.

But how advertising does make things hum
when the product and proposition are right, the
men and methods above board, when there's an
honest purpose and earnest effort from bundle
boy to general manager to serve efficiency, to
deal honestly, to sell good goods, to price fairly.

Oil up the machinery of your business, imbue
your organization with the spirit of true service,
make your business worthy of the good will,
the confidence, the patronage of the people.

In this fertile field then sow the seed of ad-
vertising and it will bring forth abundant crops
in increased business and augmented prestige.

Your store news in the Dispatch will be read
in practically every home in Brainerd and vicin-
ity every evening.

Blessed Be Dreams.

The writer of this paragraph had a
wonderful dream—he thought he had
discovered, far out in the mountains,
an acre of ground almost covered with
ten-dollar gold pieces. In his dream
the dreamer said to himself, "Ah, I
have often dreamed of such luck as
this, but never before did it actually
happen!" Of course the dreamer
awoke to find it all "Maya, illusion."
And yet, blessed the illusion that gives
one an occasional respite from the
realities of life! It might add some to
the comfort of the poor and the sor-
rowful if they would insist on believing
that their so-called conscious life is
really only a nightmare and that their
sweet dreams are but a foretaste of
the real life they will know in "the to-
morrow of death."

Expert Testimony.

One of the common faults of experts
is the desire to use many technical
words, and thus confuse court and
jury. In a case mentioned by Gilbert
Stewart in his work on "Legal Medi-
cine," a surgeon was called to testify
on a trial for assault. He stated that
he found the injured man "suffering
from a severe contusion of the integu-
ments of the left orbit, with great ex-
travasation of blood and ecchymosis
in the surrounding cellular tissues,
which were in a state of tumidity."
Now, of course, after a jury listened to
such a description, it would seem that
the patient was about to die or that
his condition was exceedingly danger-
ous, while, as a matter of fact, the em-
inent follower of Hippocrates was de-
scribing an ailment which we common-
ly call "a black eye."—Case and Com-
ment.

WOMAN'S REALM



Mrs. George Occhinerio

Mrs. George Occhinerio, Brainerd charming girl formerly Miss Gertrude Peterson, is a sister of O. A. Peterson and Mrs. C. A. Stadlbauer. She was married in Minneapolis to Lieut. Occhinerio and after a short visit in Brainerd they went to Tuckerton, N. J., where he commands marines at the radio station.

The picture above shows the bride when she was 16 years old.

VOILE AND ORGANDIE FROCK



Of the many varieties in summer frocks this of voile stands out as a pleasing and attractive dress. The frilled organdie breaks the long skirt line, and is used for collars, cuffs and belt.

SERMONS ON DISCIPLESHIP

Series to be Given at the Swedish Baptist Church by Pastor, Rev. P. Alfred Peterson

A series of sermons on "Discipleship" will be given at the Swedish Baptist church by the pastor, Rev. P. Alfred Peterson, during the month of July:

SUNDAY, JULY 7th
Morning, 10:30—"Discipleship and Regeneration."
Evening, 8:00—"The Disciple and His Lord."

SUNDAY, JULY 14th
Morning, 10:30—"Discipleship and Justification."
Evening, 8:00, Sermon I—"The Disciple and His Bible, the Wonderful Story, or How We Got Our Bible."

SUNDAY, JULY 21st
Morning, 10:30—"Discipleship and Sanctification."
Evening, 8:00, Sermon II—"The Disciple and His Bible, Many Infallible Proofs, or Why I Believe the Bible is the Word of God."

SUNDAY, JULY 28th
Morning, 10:30—"Discipleship and Glorification."
Evening, 8:00—"The Disciple in the Midst of Sifting Times."

Come and bring your friends. These messages will be helpful to you. The evening services are in the English language.

Look at the Hat Cords.

A military man can immediately tell to what division a soldier belongs by glancing at the cord on his hat, but to the average citizen the color of the hat cord denotes little or nothing.

It is an interesting feature to be familiar with, especially now when so many soldiers are seen all over the country, and anyone who takes the trouble to learn the following list will be rewarded by being able to satisfy his own curiosity respecting any soldier he happens to see without having to ask questions: A cord of light blue signifies that the wearer belongs to the infantry; red denotes artillery; yellow, cavalry; buff, quartermaster's corps; orange and white, signal corps; red and white, engineers' corps; red and black, ordnance; black and white, field clerk; maroon and white, medical corps; black and gold, officers; silver and black, adjutant general's clerk; green, instructor home guards; and green and white, home guards.

German General Staff.

The German general staff is not the creation of the Kaiser. It is the creation of the army, and in Germany the army is the nation. In the old days, when the principality of Brandenburg was becoming the state of Prussia, it was the elector who governed with unchecked, autocratic authority. Even when Brandenburg had become Prussia the kings of Prussia dominated and owned the country as completely as the head of the house dominated the family, or the manufacturer owned his business. The cabinet of the great elector, the tobacco parliament of Frederick William, the Potsdam library of Frederick the Great, these have merged into the offices of the general staff, in which is concentrated the surrender of the state to the army, and of the army to the army chiefs.

WHERE TO WORSHIP

Swedish Baptist Church
Morning worship 10:30, subject, "Discipleship and Regeneration." Evening worship 8, subject "The Disciple and His Lord." Sunday school 12 noon. P. Alfred Peterson, pastor.

Bethlehem Evangelical Church
The quarterly business meeting of the congregation will be Sunday afternoon at 2:30. Services Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday school at 9:30.

Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church
(Corner Main and Broadway)
Rev. P. G. Mueller pastor. Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock the services will be in English and the pastor's subject will be "Christ's Explanation of the Fifth Commandment."

Swedish Bethany Church
Sunday school at 10 a. m. Classes for all ages. Swedish sermon by the pastor Rev. Clemens, at 11 a. m. Young Peoples meeting at 7:15 p. m. English service at 8 o'clock. All are welcome.

First Congregational Church
Services in the First Congregational church this Sunday as follows:
Morning worship 10:30, sermon "The Peril of Externalism." Special music by the choir.
Bible school 11:45.
Christian Endeavor 6:45.

We cordially invite you to worship with us. Rev. G. P. Sheridan, minister.

Presbyterian Church
Morning service at 10:30 o'clock. The theme of the sermon will be "The Unchanging Christ." The Sunday school meets at noon and the Christian Endeavor at seven. Evening service at eight and the subject of the sermon will be "The Mission of Christ." A cordial invitation is extended to all. W. J. Lowrie, pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church
Services will be held at 10:30 next Sunday morning. Sunday school at 9:30 in the morning. No evening service. The Sunday school will hold their picnic Sunday afternoon at Gilbert lake at 2 o'clock. In the evening at 8 o'clock the Luther League will meet at the home of Walter Parson in West Brainerd.

Peoples Congregational Church
The Peoples Congregational church William Lloyd C. pastor. Sabbath school 10 A. M. Lesson, "Beginning the Christian Life," Acts 16: 13-17. Morning service 11 o'clock, subject, "Looking at Ourselves." Evening service 8 o'clock, subject, "Four Questions Asked by God." We invite you to worship with us.

Evangelical Association
Corner Forsyth and Fourth Ave. N. E. Sunday school 9:45. Service 11 conducted by Captain Larson. 7:15 Young Peoples meeting. 8 P. M. the reports will be given on the Bemidji Sunday school convention. Our delegates were on the job faithfully while they were there. They have the best points of the best Sunday school brains in the U. S. at their fingers ends. Come and watch them spin it out into a terse, closely woven report. The Long Lake orchestra will play. A special welcome to visitors to come and hear the reports.

First Baptist Church
Morning service at 11 o'clock. The pastor will speak on the subject "Keeping Step With God." The monthly communion service will be held at the close of the morning sermon. Evening service at 8 o'clock. The sermon subject will be "The Water of Life."

The pastor will preach at the Vanderwerker school house at 3 P. M. Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. Junior meeting 3 P. M. B. Y. P. U. 7 P. M. Everyone is cordially welcome. R. E. Cody, pastor.

Christian Science
Christian Science services will be held in Camels hall, Iron Exchange building, at eleven o'clock. Subject of lesson sermon, "God." Golden Text, I Chronicles 17:20, "O, Lord, there is none like thee, neither is there any God beside thee, according to all we have heard with our ears."

Responsive reading, Psalms 96:1-4, 6-9, 11-13.

Sunday school at ten o'clock. Reading room open daily from three to five P. M. except Sunday and holidays. All are welcome at these services.

Brainerd M. E. Church
Sunday morning Dr. W. H. Jordan of Minneapolis will occupy the pulpit. Dr. Jordan is one of the leading pulpit orators of the day. He has been pastor of First church, Minneapolis, for seven years and dis-

trict superintendent of the Litchfield district of the Methodist church for many years. Do not fail to hear him. Bible school at 12 M. Epworth League at 7:15 P. M.

At 8 o'clock the Bemidji State Sunday school convention will be reported upon. Dr. Joseph Nicholson, county Sunday school superintendent and H. F. Michael, both of whom took a prominent part at the convention, will speak. This will be an interesting and profitable service to all.

AMUSEMENTS

"Oh Boy"
With the reputation of two seasons of notable triumph "Oh, Boy," the fourth and best of the New York Princess theatre musical comedies, will play an engagement at the Brainerd opera house Friday evening, July 19, starring Joseph Santley in the leading male part. It will be remembered that "Oh, Boy" when presented in New York two seasons ago acclaimed the best musical comedy in the past twenty-five years. It has grown in popularity ever since.



At the Best Theatre Tonight

At the Best Sunday
Manager Workman of the Best theatre has another Artercraft triumph for his patrons in "The Rise of Jennie Cushing," to be shown Sunday, the title role of which is played by Elsie Ferguson. Miss Ferguson enjoyed the distinction of being one of the few really great stars who had turned a deaf ear to the call of the camera, notwithstanding the fact that her youth and her world-famous beauty, together with her superlative dramatic ability, made her an ideal subject, and she had been persistently besieged by motion picture magnates with fabulous offers. She capitulated to Adolph Zukor, who is presenting her photoplays through the Artercraft Pictures corporation.

"The Rise of Jennie Cushing" is Miss Ferguson's second appearance in film, and was selected because of the wide range afforded the gifted actress to display her talents. It is adapted from the book by Mary S. Watts, a big, gripping story, original in conception fearless in treatment, and exhibiting the high standard of workmanship for which Mrs. Watts is noted. In the film version, produced by Maurice Tourneur, the famous French director, there is a wealth of intensely human situations which cannot fail to move even the most blasé theatre-goer, interspersed with flashes of natural comedy which will make audiences laugh through their tears.

At the Best Monday
"The gladdest and the saddest face on the screen," which the inimitable Mae Marsh is said to possess, comes to delight the admirers of the Goldwyn star in "All Woman," by E. Lloyd Sheldon at the Best theatre Monday.

In a role replete with great dramatic opportunities, in which the winsome charm of the slim star is afforded wide scope, Mae Marsh promises to give the screen world a sensation. The originality of the play, its gripping human quality and its steady, certain development up to the moment of the powerful climax leave nothing to be desired. "All Women" is not just a photodrama, but a compelling example of what Goldwyn is doing to dignify and strengthen the literature of the silent drama.

Brave Act Saved Comrade's Life.
Toward the latter part of April a fire broke out on a United States ship and before it could be extinguished the hold was filled with smoke and dangerous gases. The fire call was sent in and while the men were fighting the flames word reached the deck that a navy yard workman had collapsed below. Among the men who volunteered at once for the rescue, Philip Nolan, a chief boatswain's mate, U. S. N., was one of the first to go below, and with great personal danger to himself and his companions rescued the workman and brought him safely to the deck, where he recovered. Nolan enlisted at Philadelphia in 1917.

GOADED BY GERMANY

Finland May Declare War On Allies at Once.

Action Against Allies Declared to Be Imminent—Trotsky Plans Big Army.

Stockholm, July 6.—Finland is reported to be on the verge of declaring war against the Allies. Finnish troops, in cooperation with 50,000 Germans are reported to be ready to carry a campaign into the Russia Murman district, where Allied forces, including a few Americans, are guarding military supplies.

Moscow, July 6.—In the opinion of Leon Trotsky, commissioner of war and marine, the internal situation of the Russian soviet republic is such that only a powerful army on the basis of obligatory service can protect it.

Trotsky has submitted a report advocating universal military service for the bourgeois as well as the workmen and peasants and hopes that the fight congress of soviets will pass such a measure. Premier Lenin has approved the report and the details are being worked out.

In the meantime Trotsky has ordered the registration of all males between the ages of 19 and 40 years and the enlistment simultaneously with the workmen of the bourgeois classes born in 1890 and 1897. The bourgeois classes will be formed into nonfighting units to dig trenches and clean barracks and camps. Later they may be promoted to service in the ranks after they have proven by deeds "their loyalty to the laboring class and the poor peasantry."

MEN FROM NORTHWEST DIED

Two Are Victims of Accident With Americans in France.

Washington, July 6.—Twenty-three casualties were reported by the War department by General Pershing on the last list, divided as follows:

Killed in action, 1; died of wounds, 7; died of accident and other causes, 1; died of disease, 2; wounded severely, 3; missing in action, 5.

The previous army casualty list contained 52 names, divided as follows: killed in action, 9; died of wounds, 6; died of accident and other causes, 3; died of disease, 5; wounded severely 26; missing in action, 2; prisoner, 1.

Northwest names appear on the list as follows: Private L. Berastetter, 1st Iowa, N. D., died of accident; Private Arthur L. Bunce, Ashton, S. D., killed in action; Private Theo. L. Brandat, Plaza, N. D., died of accident; Private Albert Kalnula, Gilbert, Minn., severely wounded.

BASEBALL.

American Association.
Minneapolis, 2; Kansas City, 1. St. Paul, 7; Milwaukee, 4. Columbus, 4; Toledo, 0. Louisville, 10; Indianapolis, 7. (Game called off at end of eighth darkness.)

American League.
Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 2. (10 innings.)
Washington, 2; New York, 1. No other games scheduled.

National League.
Pittsburgh, 10; New York, 4. St. Louis, 6; Chicago, 5. No other games scheduled.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Minneapolis Grain.
Minneapolis, July 6.—Oats, July, 73½; Sept. 70½.

Duluth Flax.
Duluth, July 6.—Flaxseed, July, \$4.20; Oct. \$4.16.

Chicago Grain.
Chicago, July 6.—Corn, July \$1.51½; August \$1.54½.

South St. Paul Live Stock.
South St. Paul, July 6.—Estimated receipts at the Union Stock yards: Cattle, 1,200; calves, 800; hogs, 3,500; sheep, 73; horses, 25; cars, 115. Steers, \$7.50@13; cows, \$8@9.50; calves, \$11@14.75; hogs, \$16.30@16.40; sheep and lambs \$11@17.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
Minneapolis, July 6.—BUTTER—Creamery extras, per lb. 42c; extra firsts, 41c; firsts, 40c; seconds 39c; dairy, 35c; packing stock, 32c.

EGGS—Fresh prime firsts, new cases, 25c; current receipts, new cases, 24c; old cases, 23c; old cases, 22c; checks and seconds, doz., 24c; dirties candled, 27c. Quotations on eggs include cases.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, fat, 10 lbs. and over, 25c; thin, small, 10@12c; cripples and culls, unsalable; old and young roosters, 19c; ducks, 20c; geese, 15c; hens, 3½ lbs. and over, 24c; under 3½ lbs., 21c; broilers all weights, lb. 35c.

Carranza Hopes For Peace.

Mexico City, July 6.—A Fourth of July message from President Carranza to President Wilson and the American people was made public here. It follows: "It is gratifying for me to send your excellency and the American people on the glorious anniversary most cordial congratulations from the Mexican people and government. At the same time I wish that peace and justice soon will be reigning forever on both continents."

WHERE PRICE & QUALITY MEET -

Lammon's

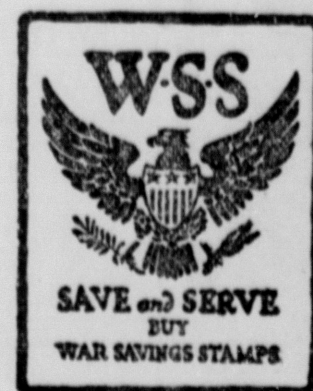
THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE -

BRAINERD MINN.

COME AGAIN!

Visitors come and visitors go. They chat a bit as visitors do. They hail from points both near and far. They're different as visitors often are. But they think one thought, and they talk one thought, and that is why they've bought and bought—of products in wrapper and bottle and box. And their one big idea is this—SAN-TOX!

A Line of High Class Toilet Preparations and Family Remedies you will like.



Contributed by the Brainerd Dispatch

Old Papers---5c a Bundle

THE DISPATCH

Prints the Best and Latest in Wedding Invitations and Announcements, Dancing Party Invitations and Programs, Programs for Recitals, Entertainments and Other Occasions, also Supper, Social, Entertainment and Dance Tickets, Milk Tickets, Etc.

We will be Pleased to Show You Samples of Our Work and Give You Our Prices. Call on Us.

The DISPATCH JOB DEPARTMENT

Dispatch Building, So. Sixth St.

THE SANDWICH GIRL



Read the Sandwich and follow the advice. Write for free book of Canning and Drying instructions, sending two cents for postage to the National War Garden Commission, Washington, D. C.

At the Best Monday

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month, by carrier \$1.50
 Three Months, by carrier 4.25
 One Year, by carrier 15.00
 One Year, by mail, outside city 4.00

Weekly Dispatch, per year \$1.50
 All subscriptions payable in advance

Advertising Rates Made Known on Application

Office in Dispatch Building, Sixth St. So.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter

UNION LABEL



SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1918.



PLEASED LITTLE FALLS

The Little Falls Transcript in an editorial Friday pays a tribute to the machinists drum corps and states:

"The Brainerd drum corps proved a valuable asset to the attractions July 4 and the people of Little Falls thoroughly appreciate the efforts of the boys to please without remuneration."

VALUABLE RAINS

It rained the night before the Fourth and many town people groaned that the Fourth was to be spoiled entirely. That rain was worth thousands of dollars to Crow Wing county farmers. It aided crops and meadows.

The rain stopped in the early morning hours and the Fourth proper was rainless. But not a single farmer would have objected had the rain kept on pouring down during the day, for every drop was making his crops more secure.

MORE BOYS TO COLORS

Brainerd and Crow Wing county will soon give another farewell and patriotic demonstration to 63 boys called to the colors. They will be entrained in the five days period commencing July 22 and will go to Camp Wadsworth, S. C.

Class I will come within approximately 20 of being depleted. However some may be gained from reclassification now being carried out. These boys on the July call should be given every bit as patriotic a demonstration as the ones preceding them were given and the big service flag suspended near the First National bank and Ransford will soon require the addition of a whole cloud of new stars.

THE VALUE OF PREPARATION

The Odin Chautauqua has been one of the best to visit Brainerd. It is a Minnesota institution and its program has been a fine series of offerings in addresses, musical numbers, all of great inspirational value.

The fact that the Chautauqua was not largely attended cannot be put down to any other cause than lack of proper advance advertising and ticket selling. The manager stated the Chautauqua selected as local manager the first name on the list of guarantors and sent to him advertising matter, literature, etc. This happened to be a man who is only home at short periods. However, it would not have been amiss had the Chautauqua been so informed in due season.

A change was made to another Brainerd citizen who has lately been very sick and the latter did the best he could under the circumstances. This explanation tends in some manner to show that even the best proposition on earth can hardly expect enthusiastic support unless it has been properly advertised in advance and made known to the people, coupled with earnest personal solicitation which counts so much in the selling of Chautauqua season tickets.

LOCAL PRICE BOARD

Following government requests merchants of all cities have established local price committees which aim to give what is considered a fair cost price to consumers of general articles of food. These statements are published weekly as a rule and without cost to the committee.

A fair price committee was formed in Brainerd shortly before A. D. Wilson, federal food administrator, visited the city and two publications followed. Since then months have elapsed and no copy has been given the Dispatch on local prices.

The committee should not cease its work, or it takes but a few minutes time to jot down the fair prices on forty articles ranging from wheat flour, barley, cornmeal, wheat bread, oatmeal, rice, hominy, potatoes, beans, onions, canned goods, milk, butter, oleomargarine, eggs, cheese, lard, bacon, pork chops, ham, round steak, hens, fish, to sugar, coffee, tea, prunes and raisins.

Cash and carry stores in Brainerd are selling sugar two pounds wrapped to the city customer at 19c and five pounds wrapped to the country customer at 45c.

NORWAY LOSES MANY SHIPS

Twenty Vessels Sunk During June and Thirty-one Men Lost.

Washington, July 6.—Increase in the monthly losses of Norwegian shipping due to German submarine activities in June was reported by cable to the Norwegian legation here from the Christiania foreign office.

Twenty Norwegian vessels, totaling 26,833 tons, were sunk during the month and 31 men were lost.

June sinkings bring Norway's total losses of 842 vessels, lives of 1,747 men were lost in the sinkings. The total tonnage of the lost Norwegian shipping amounts to 1,154,143.

SING ON WAY TO GALLOWS

Three Negro Soldiers Pay Death Penalty at Camp Dodge.

Camp Dodge, Iowa, July 6.—Three Negro soldiers, convicted by court-martial of assaulting and outraging a 17 year old white girl on the cantonment grounds the night of May 24, were hanged here with virtually the entire division witnessing the execution.

The three traps were sprung simultaneously and death was almost instantaneous in each case. The negroes marched on the scaffolds singing "God Have Mercy on My Soul."

STATES ALLIED WAR AIMS

English Press Likes Tone of President Wilson's Address.

London, July 6.—London papers endorsed President Wilson's speech at Mount Vernon, pointing out its similarity to Winston Churchill's address before the Anglo-American fellowship meeting here.

"President Wilson restated, with solemn authority, the war aims of the Allies," the Express said.

The Mail said the President stated the Allies' war aims with force and directness.

Burning Ship Reaches Port.

Washington, July 6.—The U. S. Army transport, Henderson has been afire at sea, but has made an Atlantic port in safety. There was no loss of life. Few details could be obtained at the Navy department, but it was said the vessel was not badly damaged. It was not made known whether the Henderson was outboard or homeward bound, nor was there any information as to how the fire started.

Four Candidates for Senator.

Lansing, Mich., July 6.—William Gerald Simpson of Detroit filed petitions containing approximately 1,000 names with the secretary of state to have his name placed on the Republican ballot in the August primaries as a candidate for United States senator. Petitions already have been filed for former Governor Chas. S. Osborn, Commander Truman H. Newberry, secretary of the navy in the Roosevelt cabinet, and Henry Ford. Democratic petitions have also been filed for Ford.

WILL GIVE ENEMY NO REST

General Foch No Longer Fee's Necessity of Defensive.

Washington, July 6.—Increasing man power and rapidly extending control of the air have permitted the adoption of a new policy by General Foch, supreme commander of the Allied armies on the Western front in the opinion of many observers here.

They believe the sequence of hard local blows struck recently by the French, British, American and Italian troops, shows that a new phase of the great battle is developing which might expand into a major operation on any part of the front where the situation is found favorable.

Reports of the recent highly successful strokes at the German lines are taken here to indicate General Foch no longer feels under urgent necessity of keeping rigidly on the defensive.

The fact that the Germans have been completely surprised and overwhelmed by several of the local counter operations is believed due to the work of the Allied airmen.

DISPATCH WANTS ADS PAY.

Warrior Congressman Plays Ball in Italy



F. H. La Guardia, who represents a New York congressional district in the House when he is not fighting in Italy, is here shown trying to introduce the great American game of

TO FIGHT UNTIL WORLD IS FREE

President Wilson Pledges the United States and Allies to No Compromise

FLAYS MILITARY RULE

Chief Executive Forcefully Outlines Aims for Which America and Associates Will Not Sheathe the Sword Until They Are Accomplished.

Washington, July 5.—President Wilson in his fourth of July address at Mount Vernon said:

Gentlemen of the diplomatic corps and my fellow citizens: I am happy to draw apart with you to this quiet place of old counsel in order to speak a little of the meaning of this day of our nation's independence. The place seems very still and remote. It is as serene and untouched by the hurry of the world as it was in those great days long ago when General Washington was here and held leisurely conference with the men who were to be associated with him in the creation of a nation. From these gentle slopes they looked out upon the world and saw it whole, saw it with the light of the future upon it, saw it with modern eyes that turned away from a past which men of liberated spirits could no longer endure. It is for that reason that we cannot feel even here, in the immediate presence of this sacred tomb, that this is a place of death. It was a place of achievement. A great promise that was meant for all mankind was here given plan and reality. The associations by which we are here surrounded are the inspiring associations of that noble death which is only a glorious consummation. From this green hillside we also ought to be able to see with comprehending eyes the world that lies about us and should conceive anew the purposes that must set men free.

It is significant—significant of their own character and purpose and of the influences they were setting afoot—that Washington and his associates, like the barons at Runnymede, spoke and acted, not for a class, but for a people. It has been left for us to see to it that it shall be understood that they spoke and acted not for a single people only, but for all mankind. They were thinking, not of themselves and of the material interests which centered in the little group of landowners and merchants, and men of affairs with whom they were accustomed to act, in Virginia and the colonies to the north and south of her, but of a people which wished to be done with classes and special interests and the authority of men whom they had not themselves chosen to rule over them.

Lefty Inspiration Found. They entertained no private purpose, desired no peculiar privilege. They were consciously planning that men of every class should be free, and America a place to which men out of every nation might resort who wished

to share with them the rights and privileges of free men. And we take our cue from them—do we not? We intend what they intended. We here in America believe our participation in this present war to be only the fruition of what they planned. Our case differs from theirs only in this, that it is our inestimable privilege to concert with men out of every nation what shall make not only the liberties of America secure but the liberties of every other people as well. We are happy in the thought that we are permitted to do what they would have done had they been in our place.

There must now be settled once for all what was settled for America in the great age upon whose inspiration we draw today. This is surely a fitting place from which calmly to look out upon our task, that we may fortify our spirits for its accomplishment. And this is the appropriate place from which to avow, alike to the friends who look on and to the friends with whom we have the happiness to be associated in action, the faith and purpose with which we act.

There Can Be Only One End. This, then, is our conception of the great struggle in which we are engaged. The plot is written plain upon every scene and every act of the supreme tragedy. On the one hand stand the peoples of the world—not only the peoples actually engaged, but many others also who suffer under mastery but cannot act, peoples of many races and in every part of the world—the people of stricken Russia, still among the rest, though they are for the moment unorganized and helpless. Opposed to them, masters of many armies, stand an isolated, friendless group of governments who speak no common purpose but only selfish ambitions of their own by which none can profit but themselves, and whose peoples are fuel in their hands, governments which fear their people and yet are for the time their sovereign lords, making every choice for them and disposing of their lives and fortunes as they will, as well as of the lives and fortunes of every people who fall under their power—governments clothed with the strange trappings and the primitive authority of an age that is altogether alien and hostile to our own. The past and the present are in deadly grapple and the peoples of the world are being done to death between them.

There can be but one issue. The settlement must be final. There can be no compromise. No half-way decision would be tolerable. No half-way decision is conceivable.

Why U. S. and Allies Are Fighting. These are the ends for which the associated peoples of the world are fighting and which must be conceded them before there can be peace.

First—The destruction of every arbitrary power anywhere that can separately, secretly, and on its single choice disturb the peace of the world, or, if it cannot be presently destroyed, at the least its reduction to virtual impotence.

Second—The settlement of every question, whether of territory or of sovereignty, of economic arrangement, or of political relationship, upon the basis of the free acceptance of that settlement by the people immediately concerned, and not upon the basis of the material interest or advantage of any other nation or people which may desire a different settlement for the sake of its own exterior influence or mastery.

Third—The consent of all nations to be governed in their conduct towards each other by the same principles of honor and of respect for the common law of civilized society that govern the individual citizens of all modern states in their relations with one another; to the end that all promises and covenants may be sacredly observed, no private plots or conspiracies hatched, no selfish injuries wrought with impunity, and a mutual trust established upon the handsome foundation of a mutual respect for right.

Fourth—The establishment of an organization of peace which shall make it certain that the combined power of free nations will check every invasion of right and serve to make peace and justice the more secure by affording a definite tribunal of opinion to which all must submit and by which every international readjustment that cannot be amicably agreed upon by the peoples directly concerned shall be sanctioned.

Deathless Effort Against Foe.

These great objects can be put into a single sentence:

What we seek is the reign of law, based upon the consent of the governed and sustained by the organized opinion of mankind.

These great ends cannot be achieved by debating and seeking to reconcile and accommodate what statesmen may wish, with their projects for balances of power and of national opportunity. They can be realized only by the determination of what the thinking peoples of the world desire, with their longing hope for justice and for social freedom and opportunity.

I can fancy that the air of this place carries the accents of such principles with a peculiar kindness. Here were started forces which the great nation against which they were primarily directed at first regarded as a revolt against its rightful authority, but which it has long since seen to have been a step in the liberation of its own people as well as of the people of the United States, and I stand here now to speak—speak proudly and with confident hope—of the spread of this revolt, this liberation, to the great stage of the world itself.

The blinded rulers of Prussia have roused forces they knew little of—forces which, once roused, can never be crushed to earth again; for they have at their heart an inspiration and a purpose which are deathless and of the very stuff of triumph.

FOUR KILLED, ONE INJURED

Boys Meet Death When Fireworks Are Exploded.

San Francisco, July 6.—Four boys were killed, one was injured, probably fatally, when they accidentally exploded fireworks in a warehouse while attempting to steal firecrackers. Police say the injured boy admitted he had dropped a lighted match near some explosives. The explosion was felt throughout the city and at points several miles distant.

To Speed Work on Warships.

Washington, July 5.—Steps to expedite as much as possible construction of the remaining 18 vessels, including battle cruisers and super-dreadnoughts of the 156 authorized in the three year naval building program, approved by Congress two years ago, have been taken by the Navy department. This was disclosed by Secretary Daniels in a statement reviewing the provisions of the \$1,600,000,000 naval appropriation bill recently passed by Congress and which was signed by President Wilson.

JAPAN WILLING TO ASSIST

Nation Prepared to Contribute Her Share Toward Victory.

Fair Haven, Mass., July 6.—The Japanese ambassador, Viscount Ishii, concluded an address here with this message from the people of Japan to the people of America: "We trust you—we love you, and if you will let us, we will walk by your side in loyal good fellowship down all the coming years."

"Japan is thoroughly prepared to contribute to her noble allies in a way which, in her judgment, is most efficient and conducive to the ultimate success of the common cause," he declared.

SADDENS FAMILY REUNION

Three Persons Are Drowned When Motorboat Capsizes.

Fond du Lac, Wis., July 6.—Mrs. Ida Liedtke, her daughter, Mrs. Hilda Wunderlich, and the latter's infant daughter, Lorraine, all of Milwaukee, were drowned at Campbellsport, by the capsizing of a motor boat. The victims of the accident came here for a family reunion at the home of Anton Seifert.

Congressman Young Off for France.

Washington, D. C., July 6.—Congressman George Young of North Dakota has left Washington for New York on his way to France expecting to remain about one month.

Four Sentenced for Fraud.

New York, July 6.—Four men, convicted of conspiracy to defraud investors in the stock of the Emerson Motors company, incorporated, received sentences. Nicholas Field Wilson was sentenced to serve a term of seven years in the Atlanta penitentiary, Robert P. T. Hatches to three years and William Loomis to a year and a day. Osborne E. Chaney was sentenced to one day's detention in the custody of the United States marshal and to pay a fine of \$10,000.

Best Theatre

Paramount Pictures

TODAY
GEORGE WALSH

"Brave and Bold"

Here it is, one that will make you hold on to the seats and wonder what in the world is next

Also
BING BANG

"Comedy all Comedy in 2 Reels"

Shows 7:45 & 9:15 Admission 11c and 17c.

Prices Quoted Include War Tax.

Tomorrow
ELSIE FERGUSON

"The Rise of Jennie Cushing"

Biggest Circus in the World
Brainerd Sat. July 20

Only big circus to visit this section of the state this year. 3 R. R. trains, 72 cars, Reserved and admission tickets on sale circus day at H. P. Dunn Drug, Co. same prices as at show grounds.

HIGHEST CLASS CIRCUS IN THE WORLD!

5-Mile, Golden, Glittering, One ticket admits to all. Children under 10, half price. Tents illuminated by electricity at night. Two performances daily, 2 and 8 P. M. Doors open 1 and 7 P. M. Preceding First Performance.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

SOLDIERS GIVEN ROYAL WELCOME

Detail Under Lieutenant Barnard is Given Informal Reception at Chamber of Commerce

DANCE FOLLOWS RECEPTION

Fat Woods' Jazz Band Plays and Fat Sang a Number of Popular Songs for Soldiers

The aviation group which took a scout plane to Bemidji on the Fourth under the direction of Lieut. Barnard established their night control at Brainerd on their way back to St. Paul and were entertained at an informal reception and dance at the Chamber of Commerce. Fat Woods' jazz band played and Mr. Wood favored the audience with a number of songs.

Young people of the city were present and gave them a royal welcome. The officers were kept busy explaining work of different branches of the service and in a quiet way did valuable recruiting work.

There were twelve men in the detail, their equipment consisting of two Ford cars and a G. M. C. truck on which was transported the scout triplane. On the way home they traveled on the Walker highway to Pillager and thence east to Brainerd. From Brainerd they went to Little Falls and then via Lincoln highway to St. Paul.

NEW PARTNER IN FIRM

Dr. C. F. Morrell Joins Drs. Thabes and Berge—Prominent University Athlete

To the firm of Thabes & Berge, physicians and surgeons, has been added Dr. C. F. Morrell of Verndale. The latter is married and is an athlete of high standing, having been captain of the University of Minnesota football team.

Dr. J. A. Thabes, senior member, is prominent in Red Cross work. Dr. Berge is in the service and is now stationed at a base hospital.

SKILLED MEN ENGINEER CORPS

The local draft board has received notification that the engineer corps is in need of certain skilled men. Only white men qualified for general military service may be accepted under this call. No man who is needed should be allowed to volunteer for this service. Volunteers may be accepted from the 1918 class provided the registrant waives all time limits for classification and examination.

The following types of men are desired, auto repairmen, axemen, blacksmiths, boatmen, bridge carpenters, cabinet-makers, caulkers, concrete foremen, concrete workers, construction foremen, cooks, draftsmen, electricians, gas engineers, stationary engineers, farmers, horsehoers, lithographers, machinists, buglers, photographers, plumbers, powdermen, quartermen, riggers, saddlers, shoemakers, surveyors, tailors, teamsters, telephone operators, timbermen, topographers.

Qualified registrants should present themselves to the local board for listing. If a sufficient number of volunteers are not secured, involuntary induction will be used. Local boards must understand thoroughly that these registrants are not to be inducted until orders are received as to allotments and that no men needed to fill the July calls already announced shall be permitted to volunteer. Volunteers for this service shall not be released to the navy or marine corps or to withdraw their application prior to August 1st.

HE WAS DRY

Fourth of July Transient Calls for Two Glasses of Water in Municipal Court

A Fourth of July transient liquor drinker was in municipal court and drew the usual fine. He was so dry that he called for two drinks of water while the case was heard before Judge Walter F. Wieland.

NOTICE

Royal Neighbors picnic Tuesday afternoon at Mrs. Meyers' place West Brainerd. Bring your lunch.

11 COMMITTEE.

CROPS LOOK GOOD

Rains, However, Needed to Push Meadows—Harvest of Wheat and Oats Starts Soon

Crops look good in Crow Wing county, but rain is needed to gain a hay crop. The harvesting of wheat and oats is expected to start July 25. Rye will commence about July 16 and barley on July 20.

SERIOUS CHARGE

Two Young Men Arrested in St. Cloud After Night of Hilarity, Up in Police Court

(St. Cloud Journal Press) Residents in the vicinity of Central park were awakened at about 4:30 A. M. today by a girl shrieking at the top of her voice. Two of the citizens called up the police and they all arrived at about the same time on the scene of the disturbance. Their investigation disclosed that two couples who had been attending the celebration at the fair until two a. m. wandered down to the park to make a night of it. As a result Alvin Swenson, Myrtle Newman, age 17 years, John H. Newman, age 21, brother of Myrtle Newman, and Mayme Martin, age 15, all of Sartell were closely questioned by the officer assigned to investigate the trouble.

The two young men were taken to police station and the two girls to the home of a friend residing in lower town. Alvin Swenson, who claims Brainerd at his home, was arraigned in court before Judge Donahue and fined \$25 and costs for disorderly conduct. He is endeavoring to get the money to pay his fine. John H. Newman was charged with carnal knowledge and bound over to the grand jury. Both men are confined in the city jail.

PRESS AGENT OF CIRCUS HERE

Floyd King of the Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus in Brainerd on Saturday Morning

SPOKE OF WRECK OF JUNE 22 Greatest Loss was Eighteen Bosses, Some With the Circus Twenty-six Years

Floyd King, general press agent of the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus was in the city today and paid the Dispatch office a pleasant visit.

An old newspaperman, he recounted various experiences with the white tops. He spoke of the railway wreck of the circus at Gary, Ind., on June 22. Ten performers, eighteen bosses and a number of circus helpers were lost. The keenest loss for the company was in the bosses, one of them, James Connors, in charge of the horses, having been with the circus 26 years. He knew every horse of the big circus and had bought much of the stock.

Within two days after the wreck the circus was reorganized and showed at Beloit, Wis. Lost acts were replaced.

The circus advertising car No. 1 was in the city today and town and country were billed. The circus will be the biggest thing Brainerd has seen in years as the show travels to town in three distinct circus trains.

At the start of the war it seemed that the circus business might be checked, but after a conference with Railway Director McAdoo, he decided the people at large were entitled to amusements in war time and the circus has continued to offer recreation and to dispel gloom wherever its big white walls have been set up.

NOTICE

Bids for the collection of garbage in the City of Brainerd will be considered at an adjourned meeting of the city council to be held on Monday, July 8th at 8 o'clock p. m.

A. MAHLUM,

City Clerk.

ROLL OF HONOR

Lamont Koop writing from France says there are great times over there. Corporal Arthur Thon is spending a short furlough with friends and relatives in Brainerd.

Dr. D. E. Nelson, associate of Dr. Joseph Nicholson of the Northwestern hospital, will leave July 15 for service at the base hospital at Battle Creek, Mich.

Corporal Elmer Johnson is visiting relatives while on a five days' furlough. He returns Sunday evening to Chicago where he is a member of the supply train service waiting truck equipment.

Russia Flows in "Money."

Moscow, July 6.—The amount of paper money issued by the Bolshevik government and now in circulation aggregates 40,000,000,000 rubles (\$5,000,000,000) monthly. Since the declaration by Premier Lenin that new money would be issued and the old money be devalued, plans for financial reform, apparently, have laid dormant, as no steps have been announced to provide the taxation recommended by Lenin, and the money presses are turning out paper at the rate of 2,000,000 rubles monthly.

HIT ON HEAD; POCKETS RIFLED

Brainerd Man Pounded Unconscious, Robbed of \$15 and His Gold Watch in Little Falls

ASSAILANT MAKES GETAWAY

Mrs. H. Friesinger Describes Assault and Tried to Gain Help, Says Transcript

(Little Falls Transcript) A man from Brainerd, whose name was not secured, was hit over the head Thursday evening and robbed of \$15 and a gold watch.

Mrs. H. Friesinger was sitting on her back porch Thursday evening at about 11:30 o'clock when she saw two men going west on the avenue from the depot. When about opposite the Friesinger residence one man struck the other over the head with some blunt instrument and knocked him unconscious. He then went through the man's pockets and took, according to the victim, \$15 and a gold watch. After going through the man's pockets he ran farther down the street and disappeared.

Mrs. Friesinger then tried to call Mr. Friesinger, who was at the depot, but was unable to get him for some length of time. When Mr. Friesinger arrived on the scene he searched around the neighborhood but was unable to locate the thief, having no description of him. After the victim had regained consciousness he stated that the thief was a perfect stranger to him and that he had met him in the depot and the stranger had asked him if he did not want a drink out of a bottle he had in his pocket. Wishing to seek a dark spot they made directly across the street from the station, to the place of the robbery. The Brainerd man's face was badly cut and blood kept coming from his ears. He remained in the city throughout the night and returned to Brainerd on the Friday noon train. He could not give the description of the man who did the robbing.

BRainerd TO PLAY IRONTON

Brainerd plays Iron-ton at Brainerd Koering field here on Sunday and the present leaders of the Central Minnesota Red Cross League can be depended upon to give a hard battle. They have played eleven games to date and have lost but one game.

Brainerd has been playing in championship form and those who saw the Little Falls game of the Fourth are assured Brainerd will put up some game when opposed to Iron-ton tomorrow.

There should be a large crowd at the grounds as the money taken in at the local grounds goes to the Brainerd Red Cross.

10,000 PLANES BY APRIL 1919

W. H. Workman, Special Representative of Handley Page, Cousin of F. S. Workman

CLAIMS LICK HUNS IN 30 DAYS Continuous Chain of Aeroplanes to Europe Battle Front One Leaving Coast Every 10 Minutes

A New York dispatch carries a viewpoint of W. H. Workman, cousin of F. S. Workman of the Best theatre and Park opera house of this city. He has a scheme to lick the Huns in 30 days. The newspaper story reads:

The claim that Handley Page, the British airplane constructor, could turn out 10,000 "super aerial dreadnaughts" in the United States, April 1, 1919, was made in a formal statement by W. H. Workman, special representative in this country of Handley Page, Ltd.

These planes, Mr. Workman declared, could be landed in France under their own power, with enough guns, bombs and aviators "to defeat the Germans within thirty days if we start now."

After announcing that he had acquainted the war department and air craft board with this proposition, Mr. Workman said he believed none of the 10,000 planes would be lost in trans-Atlantic flights and that with a British and American aviator, he would be willing to make the first flight, proceeding from New Found-land to France, via the Azores and Portugal.

Asserting that he considers this route the best, he explained that a 7,000 foot volcano in the Azores would serve as one guide and suggested that "at least 10 destroyers in a state of obsolescence could be stretched out to act as lightships" so that "pilots of the airplanes would never be out of sight of a destroyer, together with their compasses and wireless."

"Once this is started," he said, "there will be a continuous chain of airplanes connecting the United States with the continent of Europe, from early morning until late at night, one machine leaving every 10 minutes every day."

CARRIER EXAMINATION

U. S. Civil Service Examination for Clerk and Carrier Brainerd Post Office

An open competitive examination under the rules of the U. S. Civil Service Commission for the position of Clerk both male and female, and carrier for the Brainerd Post Office will be held on Saturday, July 13, 1918, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M.

Applications for this examination must be made on the pre-cribed form, which with necessary instructions may be obtained from the Commission's local representatives, C. B. Stiekney and J. J. Nolan or from the District Secretary, St. Paul, Minn.

All persons wishing to take the examination should secure blanks and file their applications with the District Secretary at once in order to allow time for any necessary corrections and to arrange for the examination.

Each applicant will be required to submit to the examiner on the day of the examination, a photograph of himself taken within two years.

HACKENBACK WALLACE CIRCUS

More Than 400 Artists Appear on This Season's Program

The billboards and dead walls about the city are announcing that the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus is to visit Brainerd, Saturday, July 20. Great interest attaches to the event, particularly so because the circus is the only tented exhibition offering an array of trained wild animals.

The name Hagenbeck for nearly a century has stood at the top in the annals of wild animals. Every zoo of any importance in the world receives its charges from the Hagenbeck headquarters in Africa and Asia, as well as the fact that the menageries of all circuses are similarly supplied.

So much interest did the Hagenbeck trained wild animals cause at the St. Louis World's Fair in 1904 that the owners of the Great Wallace Circus entered into negotiations with Mr. Hagenbeck. The result was that both great institutions were united into one of the biggest tented exhibitions in the world. Year after year the two shows have gone on improving. As fast as rare and costly animals were captured in the jungles of the uncivilized world they have been forwarded by the agents of Hagenbeck-Wallace to the great American show.

Although death claimed Carl Hagenbeck and B. E. Wallace has relinquished his business interest, yet the work of the two great men still lives. The active management of the Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus, now as for many years past, rests upon Edward Ballard. Although his name is scarcely known to lovers of the circus world, through his desire to remain in the background, nevertheless he is recognized as one of the greatest showmen of the day. The Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus represents to Mr. Ballard and his associate a cash outlay of \$2,000,000. The daily operating expenses are \$7,500. With the great institution are employees numbering about 1,000. Twenty-two tents covering twelve acres of ground are used to house the show in the daytime. At night the circus is moved from city to city aboard three special trains.

This year's program is one of unusual interest. An entirely new array of European artists have been added and are appearing for the first time in the United States. Altogether there are more than 400 artists with the circus who appear in the six arenas. The big show will give an all-new street parade at 10 a. m., preceding the first exhibition. Performances are given daily at 2 and 8 p. m.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, ETC.



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Rhodeheaver Records

Many who have been to Duluth to hear "Billy" Sunday will want records of songs by his choir. We have records of some of the choruses and solos by Mr. Rhodeheaver and other singers of the party

H. F. Michael Co.

IMMENSE PROFITS ON FOOD

Some Concerns Made as High as 2,183 Per Cent in 1917.

Washington, July 6.—Excess profits as high as 2,183 per cent were made by some businesses in 1917, a Treasury department report submitted to the Senate showed.

The report is a partial answer to Senator Borah's resolution asking for data on profiteering. The 2,183 per cent example was that of a food dealer.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound of imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.



NAZIMOVA in "TOYS OF FATE"

At the Best Tuesday and Wednesday

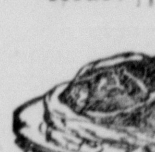
Food and Fuel will Win The War

Beginning Monday and continuing for 6 Days, an INSTRUCTOR-- specially trained--will give a

Demonstration of Practical Food Economy

using "Wear-Ever" aluminum utensils

The Perfect Pot Roast



Today practical suggestions for the best methods of roasting meats will be given. The instructor will make a delicious pot roast on top of the stove without a drop of water in the "Wear-Ever" Windsor Kettle and will show at the same time how

Fuel and Meat Bills Are Reduced

Over the same burner--without any additional expense for fuel--vegetables will be cooked in the steamer and rice in the upper pan. These two "Wear-Ever" attachments specially designed to be used with the "Wear-Ever" Kettle.



DEMONSTRATION SPECIAL---LIMITED TIME

Get this \$2.25 "Wear-Ever Aluminum 4-Quart Windsor Kettle--with cover--for pot roasting, preserving, stewing--FOR ONLY and the coupon if presented during the demonstration.

\$1.39

CLIP THE

COUPON

GET YOUR

KETTLE

TODAY

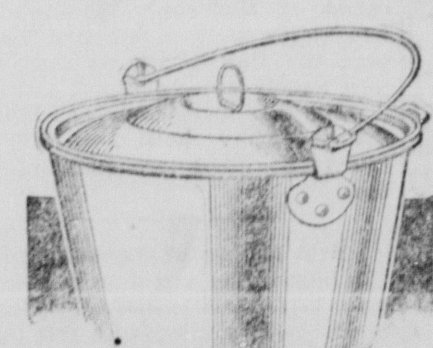
We will accept this coupon and \$1.39 in payment for one \$2.25 4-qt. "Wear-Ever" Kettle with cover.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ Date _____

WHITE BROS.



Telephone No. 57

WHITE BROS. 616 Laurel Street

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Girls at Ideal. 2643-241f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Mrs. Mal D. Clark, 515 North Fifth St. Telephone 636. 2653-261f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call 624-J. 2633-231f

WANTED—Kitchen girl. Ransford hotel. 2646-251f

WANTED—Good hand ironers. Must have experience. No amateurs need apply. Brainerd Model Laundry Co. 2598-151f

FOR RENT

HOUSE for rent—Mrs. Paine, 502 S. 6th St. 2663-2812

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 722 South Broadway. 2637-231f

FOR RENT—Modern flat in Koop block. 2637-231f

FOR RENT—A small store room in the Pearce block. 2342-2771f

FOR RENT—Seven room house. Inquire at 406 6th St. S. 2663-161f

FOR RENT—Cottage at Gull lake. Ice and boat in connection. J. M. Hayes. 2612-19112

FOR RENT—5 room cottage at Hubbard Lake. Furnished complete. C. H. Paine. 2657-2714

FOR RENT—A suite of modern rooms on the first floor with board. Mrs. Stillings, 303 N. 5th. 2403-2841f

FOR RENT—Two room furnished flat for light housekeeping. Gas. Pearce block. 2551-71f

FOR RENT—Four room flat in the Model flat building. See Shipp Gruenhagen Co. 2589-141f

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Koban 2-cylinder detachable boat motor. Call at Dispatch office. 2590-141f

FOR SALE—Ford roadster. Cheap for cash. Call 1624 East Oak St. 2649-251f

FOR SALE—Jersey cow. Charles Peterson, 9th and Washington Ave. Phone 315-M5. 2667-291f

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey sow, with pigs. E. J. Giles, Brainerd. 2665-2914p

FOR SALE—Nine room brick veneered residence at 624 N. 5th St. Inquire at 707 N. 5th St. 2658-271f

FOR SALE—160 acres unimproved land in Daggett Brook, F. M. Koop. 2318-2741f

FOR SALE—Horse weight about 1150, 7 years old. 1017 Quince St. S. E. 2647-2516

FOR SALE—120 acres improved farm land in South Long Lake. Good buildings. Fifty acres broke. F. M. Koop. 2319-2741f

FOR SALE OR TRADE for bicycle, Pope motorcycle, running condition. Albert O. Anderson, 814 4th Ave. N. E. 2664-2813

\$2,500 Modern seven room house, bath, hot air heat, nice location north Ninth street, east front. \$600 cash, balance monthly payments. J. R. Smith, Sleeper Bldg. 2644-241f

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—To buy a large ice box. Dairy Lunch. 2577-111f

WANTED—To buy refrigerator in good condition. Address L. H. Dispatch. 2421-2871f

POSITION WANTED by traveling salesman during two months vacation. 9 years experience in retail hardware, etc. Address P. O. Box 196. 2664-2813

LOST—On road between Little Falls and Brainerd or Brainerd and Grand View Lodge, old horse-shoe tread 34x4 tire, inner tube, inside blowout boot, and demountable rim attached. Communicate with L. N. McWhorter, 3636 Portland Ave. Minneapolis for suitable reward. 2662-2812

LOST—On Gull lake road, July 4th, boys dark coat. Finder please leave at Brockway & Parker's store. 2661-2812

TAKEN UP—Stray red and white cow at my place. J. Fredsam, Oak Lawn township. 2660-2813w1

Typewriters for rent to students or business firms. Good Underwoods and L. C. Smiths. Typewriter ribbons and carbon paper for sale. Little Falls Business College.

WANTED—To hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price, full description. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 2652-2951f

TAKEN UP—One bay mare branded on the right side, one bay colt, one black colt. Wm. Allston, city limits on Oak St. 2666-2911

WANTED—A position as a grocery clerk or solicitor. Best of references furnished. Also under draft age. C. W. Schroeder, Ironton, Minn., Box 472. 2668-2912

LONGING FOR PEACE GROWS

Socialist Paper Says German People Are Weary of War.

Amsterdam, July 6.—In a leading article the Socialist newspaper Vorwarts declared the desire of the German people for a speedy peace with honor is so strong that a sensible accommodation from the other side would be bound to lead to its realization.

"Our enemies today," continues the newspaper, "have the opportunity of obtaining a peace not prescribed by the war map but based on the equipoise of the military and economic forces on both sides."

IS ANCIENT CUSTOM

No One Knows Who Originated the "Round Robin."

Long in Use on Shipboard for Determining Each Sailor's Watch—Often Employed in the Form of a Petition.

That watch kept on board ship at night, while lying at anchor, is called the anchor watch. Generally speaking it consists of one officer and one seaman, whose duties are to watch out for the safety of the ship, see that the anchor light is kept burning brightly, and take care that the vessel does not drag her anchor. If there are eight hours of darkness to be covered and eight men constitute the crew, these men are required to watch one hour each. If there be more or less men the question arises who is to go on watch first or last, or, perhaps, who is to "lay over" until the next day.

It thus becomes necessary to ascertain who is to go on duty at a certain hour and each man must know when his turn comes. Arrangement for this is made by forming a "round robin," or putting it in another way, by "chalking for watches," which is accomplished in such a way that each sailor has the time for keeping his watch determined by lot, one not being favored more than another. The thing is decided in this way:

One man draws a large circle on the lid of a chest, or, if that is not convenient, the deck. The circle is subdivided into as many divisions as there are men; and each man makes his mark in one of the spaces. This may be a cross, a circle, a triangle, or any other sign that will suffice to identify him.

During the time the sailors are placing their marks within the division of the circle, one of their number is detained outside on deck and kept in ignorance of the identity of any author of any mark. When all have made their marks the round robin is complete. The man who was on deck is now called, someone else having made a mark for him. This man now proceeds to erase the marks, one by one. The owners of the marks are numbered from number one up, in succession, as he erases them, and their numbers are chalked up on the sides of the berths; those above number ten lying over until the next night. As the man who erases the marks does not know who made this or that, he cannot show any partiality.

The round robin is sometimes put to other use when the crew of a vessel at sea wish to present a grievance in the form of a petition to the captain. Their complaint is made out in writing, and the signature put in the form of a round robin, which prevents the writer of the document from being singled out and treated, as a ringleader, with undue severity. A famous case in example of similar use of the round robin in the army within recent times was the "Roosevelt Round Robin" during the Spanish war.

Where the custom originated no one knows.

Spain Is Buying Planos.

The American government is buying mules and blankets in Spain and paying for them with pianos made in the United States, according to George W. Pound, manager of the National Piano Manufacturers' association, in calling attention to one of the striking developments at the present time in this country's export trade.

"As is the case with neutrals generally," Mr. Pound said, "much of Spain's population has profited largely by the war, and the demand for pianos has persisted in spite of the fact that the prices of all musical instruments in Spain have doubled and trebled since the war began."

Mr. Pound said that the American manufacturers were thereby offered an unusual opportunity to help the government pay the war bills as well as to meet the foreign demand for our goods. In this connection, Mr. Pound said, piano manufacturers can only export their pianos through government license.

New Generator Finds Favor.

An acetylene generator supplying fuel for propelling motorboats is the device of a Norwegian captain and is reported to be in great demand, although the average cost is 21 cents per horse power hour. The gas given off as water is dropped upon calcium carbide, is led to the carburetor, where it is purified and fed to the motor. Though this apparatus is adapted only for the ordinary gasoline motor a modification is being worked out that is expected to serve for engines designed to burn kerosene.

"Tacking Down Edges of Fight."

Things were stirring along the front. Miles away we could hear the battery heavies thundering and drumming and once in a full we detected the hammering staccato of a machine gun tacking down the loose edges of a fight that will never be recorded in history, with the earnestness and briskness of a man lying a carpet in a hurry.—Irvin S. Cobb in the Saturday Evening Post.

Much Lumber Wasted.

It is estimated that American lumbermen, accustomed to a wealth of material, waste two-thirds of it; and that by utilizing all parts of the tree the long-late pine industry would yield daily 40 tons of paper, 3,000 tons of rosin; 300,000 gallons of turpentine and great quantities of ethyl products.

DIRECT ANCESTOR OF HEN

From the Jungle Fowl Are Descended the Feathered Creatures of the Barnyard of Today.

Although there were no houses within half a mile of the camp, we were surprised on our first night to hear cocks crowing in the jungle (Yunnan province, tropical China), Roy Chapman Andrews writes in Harper's Magazine. The note was like that of the ordinary barnyard fowl, except that it ended somewhat more abruptly. The next morning we discovered Chanticleer and all his harem in a deserted rice field, and he flew toward the jungle in a flash of red and gold.

I dropped him and one of his hens with a right and left of "sixes" and found that they were jungle fowl (Gallus gallus) in full plumage. The cock was a splendid bird. The long neck feathers (hackles) spread over his back and wings like a shimmering golden mantle but were hardly more beautiful than the black of his under parts and green glossed tail. Picture to yourself a "black-breasted red game cock," and you will have him in all his glory except that his tail is drooping and he is more pheasantlike in his general bearing. The female was a trim little bird, with a lilac sheen to her brown feathers, and looked exactly like a well-kept "game bantam" hen.

The jungle fowl is the direct ancestor of our barnyard hens and roosters, which were probably first domesticated in Burma and adjacent countries long before the dawn of authentic history. According to tradition, the Chinese received their poultry from the West about 1400 B. C., and they are figured in Babylon cylinders between the sixth and seventh centuries B. C. Although they were probably introduced in Greece through Persia, there is no direct evidence as to how and when they reached Europe.

BUILT FOR SHALLOW WATER

Peculiar Marine Institution on New England Coast Was Known in 1842 as the Camel.

In the year 1842 a queer marine institution made its appearance in Nantucket and bore the name of camel. These camels were really huge floating dry docks for carrying ships over the bar, where the depth of water had been gradually decreasing since 1830.

Being flat-bottomed the camels could float in water very much shallower than a loaded ship required. They were like two long, large boxes floating side by side and held together at the ends by large iron chains.

The outer sides were almost straight up and down, but the inner sides were curved, making when the two sections were drawn together, an interior basin just the shape of the bottom of a ship.

The plan was for the camels to be separated far enough to allow the ships to be hauled into the basin between the two sections, then to be drawn and held fastened together by the chains, holding the ship between them, so that the camels and the ship could then be towed over the shallow places in the channel to the wharf.

Cherish Your Friends.

Have you a good friend? Of course you have, every one has friends, but every one does not hold the friendships they make. Friendship is too rare and sacred a treasure lightly to be thrown away. And yet many people are not careful to retain their friends. Some lose them through inattention, failing to maintain those little amenities, courtesies and kindnesses which cost so little, and yet are hooks of steel to grapple and hold our friends. Some drop old friends for new ones. Some take offense easily at imagined slights or neglects and ruthlessly cut the most sacred ties. Some become impatient of little faults, and discard even truest friendships. Some are incapable of any deep or permanent affection, and fly from friendship to friendship like birds from bough to bough, but make no nest for their hearts in any. There are a great many ways of losing friends. But when we have once taken them into our lives we should cherish them as rarest jewels. If slights are given, let them be overlooked. If misunderstandings arise, let them be quickly set right.

How Language Grows.

"Cad" and "fad" were at first only localisms, struggling for existence and getting slowly into use sporadically in England, until at last they achieved a peaceful penetration into the United States; then they ceased to be mere Britishisms; they won recognition into standard English. A like fate has befallen "boss" and "boom," the first a localism of New York (descended from the days when the Empire city was New Amsterdam), and the second, spontaneous creation of the lumber camps of Michigan. In time these two words were in common use all over the United States; they were then merely Americanisms; and after a while they made their way into the British empire, until now they bid fair to be lifted into standard English.

Best Method of Memorizing.

In committing a text to memory by consecutive readings better results can be obtained by allowing a fair period of time between readings. If a text be read a number of times on a given day, and another the same number of times on consecutive days, much more of the latter will have been memorized.



ROAD BUILDING

BUILDING OF GOOD HIGHWAYS

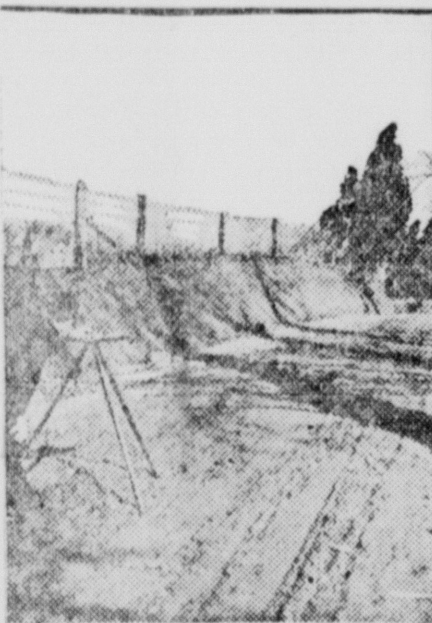
Federal Aid Road Act Exerts Important Influence on Legislation in Many States.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Federal-aid road projects, unquestionably, are ready for construction in every state this year. Under the federal-aid road act of 1916 every state in the Union is now in a position to co-operate with the federal government in the building of highways.

Results of far-reaching importance and of even greater potential value than the appropriation of federal funds have already been accomplished by the federal act. Among the impressive results is the establishment outright of state highway departments in Delaware, South Carolina, Texas, Indiana and Nevada and the strengthening of other state highway departments so as to remove all question as to the 16 states which were not qualified to obtain federal co-operation at the time of the passage of the federal act.

In the past winter more constructive state highway legislation has been placed upon statute books than has ever been enacted in any similar period since the American republic was founded. The conditions laid down by the federal act as necessary to participate in its benefits operated powerfully to bring about the establishment and strengthening of state highway departments, the placing of a vast amount of road construction under skilled supervision, the systematizing and correlation of road



Getting Road Levels Preparatory to Improving Highways.

work so as to provide the improvements most needed to meet traffic requirements, the creation of large funds for construction and maintenance and the establishment in many states of definite provisions insuring maintenance of highways from the date of their completion.

The working season of 1917 marked the opening of actual construction work under the terms of the post-road provision of the federal act, as necessary legislative and administrative work made it impracticable to get construction projects under way earlier. On January 31, 1918, the secretary of agriculture had approved 253 individual projects, aggregating 2,849.48 miles and calling for an expenditure from federal funds of \$7,324,721.72, and from state and local funds of \$9,917,143.70, making a total of \$17,241,865.42. These projects represented applications from 44 states.

CULVERT OF BEST MATERIAL

Worse Than Folly to Use Boards to Take Care of Roads That Have Cost Much Money.

If the culverts are not built of good material they will have to be rebuilt in a few years, whatever the quality of the roads they are made to serve. Defective culverts vitiate one of the elementary principles of highway economy, and the interests of the taxpayers require that the annual cost of every part of the roads built for their use be reduced to the lowest possible figure consistent with efficiency. Manifestly, it would be worse than folly to build culverts of boards to take care of roads that have cost hundreds or thousands of dollars the mile, and it would be none the less foolish, or worse, to waste money in work of this sort with the use of bad material.

Speed Up Good Roads.

"Speeding up construction of good roads is an integral part of government war work. Efficient transportation is necessary to reduce the margin between producer and consumer."—United States Food Administration.

Federal Aid for Roads.

The theory that federal-aid road construction will not be sanctioned during the war has been exploded by the fact that the government has fixed the price of cement for this work.

Fast Friends

By GLORIA BARSALOUX

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

He had been a lonely man. For three years Dexter Blinn had been one of a group of young men working for a house where service was reduced to slavery. It had stunted all of ambition and happiness within him. It had dwarfed the intellect and made of normal industry seekers discontented, suspicious, unfriendly beings.

Lo, and behold! a sudden change. The plant of the money grasping corporation burned down one day and Dexter had sought another position. He found it with a small mercantile house with five other employees. It was a transition as from a dingy pit to a sublime mountain height. For the first time in years Dexter found strongly human companionship.

From the start the jolly five had cultivated him. Each of the open-hearted young married men vied in moving this reticent stranger into a more harmonious atmosphere. Within six months Dexter was a new man. He entered into all the impulses of his fellow employees in a heartsome, appreciative way. They invited him to their club parties, to their homes. He never referred to his own. Once, when Ned Wilson, the liveliest one of the group, spoke to him about his family, Dexter had briefly explained.

"Yes, there's three of them."

One day Ned said to his fellows: "Dexter seems to make a mystery of that family of three of his. I met a friend of mine, though, who knows where he lives. Says his wife is a modest, pretty young woman. Her mother and a younger sister live with them. Noticed a photograph in his desk a few days ago—a sweet-faced girl, of course his wife."

Once, when the talkative five were boasting of the peace, glory and comfort of their respective homes, Dexter allowed his imagination to rove blindly.

"I say," he observed, "I can duplicate your brags. The meals they cook for me are the things to gloat over. There's Alice—sweet as a violet, and her mother, the grandest housekeeper that ever lived. The little sister can play the piano like an expert."

It was at the end of his two years service that Ned Wilson discovered that a certain date a week ahead was Dexter's birthday.

"Boys," he planned, "let's celebrate the event. Dexter is a prime good pal. We'll get up a surprise party—flowers, little friendly tokens, carry the refreshments and meet his wife. Then our families can get acquainted and we'll have our little circle complete."

The project was enthusiastically adopted. The jolly five, loaded down with various boxes and bundles, arrived at a neat little cottage at dusk. Ned assumed the direction of affairs. He halted his companions while he announced that he would spy out the land. There were lights in the front room of the house and he made out an old lady reading, and a young girl at a piano. Seated on the porch was another, evidently her married sister, the original of the photograph. He approached the lady.

"May I ask if Dexter is at home?" he questioned.

"Dexter? You mean Mr. Blinn," came the inquiry. "No, it is unusual with him, but he has gone out—for a short time, however, I think."

"Grand! capital!" chuckled Ned gleefully. "You are Mrs. Blinn. I'd know your face from your photograph in Dexter's desk. Myself and four chums from the office wish to give Dexter a surprise party. It's his birthday, too. Won't you smuggle us with our traps into the house, and when Dexter arrives bolt him in upon us?"

The lady stared harder than ever. Her expressive face assumed a deep blush. She acted irresolute and dismayed. Then she said: "Surely, you and your friends will be welcome," and Ned darted away to marshal his chums into action, while the lady hurried into the home, beckoned to her mother, and held an excited whispered conversation with her.

"He called me Mrs. Blinn. We must not disappoint his friends," and various fragments of like import came hurriedly from the lips of daughter and mother.

Nine o'clock, ten o'clock, eleven o'clock, and no Dexter.

"Well," uttered Mrs. Burton forcibly, as she and her daughter were alone.

"I am glad we helped out the fiction, mother. Mr. Blinn has been so kind to us, and just think all the nice things he has told his friends about us. Oh, mother—there he is now. You tell him."

"I declare," ejaculated Dexter, as he viewed flowers, presents and the general signs of recent jubilation. "What's all this?"

Smiling indulgently, Mrs. Burton told. Rushing shyly, Alice Burton watched the changing face of their two years' boarder.

"They drove me to desperation and I had to romance to keep up with them," stammered Dexter. "I hope I am forgiven. The scamps! Mrs. Blinn! Mother-in-law! Lo! Allice, you have found out what I think of you, second handed. Let me confirm it, Mrs. Blinn! Won't you make it true?"

And there was another party at the Burton home two months later, a wedding party, this time.

Beavers Teach Engineers.

A group of Uncle Sam's army engineers received an unexpected lesson in engineering at Bronx park. They learned in the space of one hour how to repair a broken dam and prevent a disastrous flood. Their instructors were nine beavers, who were romping in the water of the pond. Above them was a dam 200 feet long and several feet high. Suddenly came a rush of water. The swollen stream broke into a torrent. Old man Beaver appealed to his offspring and the eight sprang after him. They seized pieces of timber, earth, rocks and sod. They worked with feverish haste. Stone by stone and timber by timber the water was slowly held back. One hour after the water broke the dam was repaired. "If we can hold the Huns like those chaps stopped that flood of water the war will be over in six months," commented one of the officers. "I reckon science hasn't taught us so much, after all," said a bystander. "Those beavers know more about their specialty than we do about war or building canals."—New York Tribune.

Gas Masks and Whiskers.

To be clean shaven or bearded like the pard is the alternative presented to the German first-line troops. The reason is the gas mask. Some authorities hold that the mask cannot be relied upon to protect any but clean-shaven faces; others again hold that a dense hirsute growth within the mask acts as an additional air filter. But it must be a real patriarchal beard—no mere 7 or 14 days' bristles, says an article in the Deutsche Tageszeitung. The writer holds that the full beard is a peculiarly Teutonic attribute, and should be cultivated as such. Besides, according to ancient traditions, it adds to "frightful aspect," he naively adds. Gas tests at the front in airtight cubicles are carried out every fortnight, and full-bearded men testify to the additional security afforded by their beards.

Could Not Save Comrade.

A fruitless but daring attempt to rescue a man under the most unfavorable conditions was recently made by William R. Ransford, a seaman of the national naval volunteers, and Allen J. Jackson, a wardroom cook. The man lost was a seaman named W. A. Wells. He slipped and fell overboard from the forward turret of the U. S. S. Iowa. It was cold weather and the water was full of floating ice. Nevertheless Ransford and Jackson went overboard after the man, but were too late to save him from drowning.

Airplane Needs Strong Wood.

A modern airplane propeller is one of the strongest and most perfect products of man's handiwork. Some airplane engines run at 1,700 revolutions a minute and can be geared up to 2,000. An engine of this power would use a nine-foot-six-inch propeller and the speed of the blade ends would be in the neighborhood of 600 miles an hour.

Revolving at this terrific rate, the slightest imperfection in the wood from which the propellers are made would tend to disrupt them and cause them to fly to pieces.

For this reason only the best and hardest wood from the heart of the tree is used for propeller blades. It takes 2,000 feet of timber in the rough to furnish 200 feet of wood good enough for propellers.

Black walnut is the very best kind of wood for propeller blades, for, besides being immensely tough, it does not splinter when hit by a projectile. Next in the order named, come mahogany, white oak, ash, maple, birch and cherry.

No Alimony From Soldiers.

The supreme court of New York

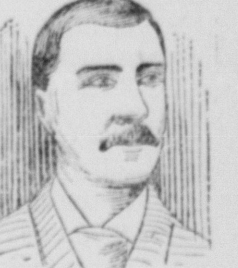
Our Boys in France and Home Protection

The men on the firing line represent the pick of our American youth. One in four of our boys at home was sick, rejected because of physical deficiency. Many times the kidneys were to blame.

If we wish to prevent old age coming on too soon, or if we want to increase our chances for a long life, Dr. Pierce of the Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., says that we should drink plenty of water daily between meals. Then procure at the nearest drug store, Auric (double strength). The cost is 60c. This "An-uric" drives the uric acid out and cures backache and rheumatism.

If we wish to keep our kidneys in the best condition a diet of milk and vegetables, with only little meat once a day, is the most suitable. Drink plenty of pure water, take Auric three times a day for a month. You can obtain a trial package of Auric by sending 10c to Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. PAUL MINN—"I just want to say that Auric has done for me what many other remedies have utterly failed to do. For over thirty years I suffered with rheumatic pains. At times I would have them in my back, then they would start in my left shoulder and run down into my arms, also in my left side extending down the limb to my ankle. I can't begin to tell how much I suffered during this time. A short time ago I heard of Dr. Pierce's Auric. I have only taken one bottle of the tablets and today have not a pain or an ache. I cannot say enough in its praise."—JOHN EVANS, 1009 Greenbrier Avenue.



state has no power to enforce an order for alimony against a soldier in the United States army, declared Justice Asplund in the supreme court in Brooklyn in the case of Mrs. Florence Merriman against Rapley P. Merriman, a private. It is the first decision of its kind here. Justice Asplund gave the opinion in acting upon the request of Mrs. Merriman's attorney, who demanded Merriman be forced to pay \$40 on the first business day of each month. "It is obvious that the defendant could not comply with a direction that he pay \$40 on the first business day of each month," said the justice, "when \$40 is more than the rate of pay of his grade, and the time of payment of a soldier is necessarily very irregular."—New York Evening Sun.

No Respite.

"Hoory!" shouted the boy in the brown sweater. "Our teacher is going to France and he a Red Cross nurse." "What good is that to us?" objected the boy in the scout suit. "They'll only get some other teacher to take her place."

Engraved

Calling Cards and Invitations

The Brainerd Dispatch

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At the Best Sunday